

GENERAL MOTORS 8 1/2" & 8 7/8" RING GEAR

Chevrolet & GMC

All 10 Series

G20

K10 & K20 (Front Only)

NOTE — **SERIES IDENTIFICATION** — The vehicle series numbers used in this article have been abbreviated for common reference to both Chevrolet and GMC models. Chevrolet models use numerical designations as listed; GMC models are identified as follows: 10 = 1500; 20 = 2500; 30 = 3500.

NOTE — **DRIVE AXLE USAGE** — The General Motors 8 1/2" ring gear drive axle is used as the front drive axle on K10 and K20 models. These models may also be equipped with a Dana/Spicer model front drive axle. See appropriate article in this section.

DESCRIPTION

The axle assembly is the hypoid gear type with integral carrier housing. It is used on light duty vehicles with semi-floating axles. The pinion bearing preload adjustment is made with a collapsible spacer. The differential side bearing preload adjustment and the drive pinion depth adjustment are made by shims. A removeable ten bolt housing cover permits inspection and minor servicing of differential without removal from vehicle. Service procedures are the same for both size assemblies, except for some tightening specifications and special tool numbers.

AXLE RATIO & IDENTIFICATION

General Motors uses several types of axles in its vehicles. The 8 1/2" and 8 7/8" axles can be distinguished from the others by the configuration of its housing cover (see illustration) and the number of attaching bolts. To determine drive axle ratio, refer to Drive Axle Ratio Identification in this Section.

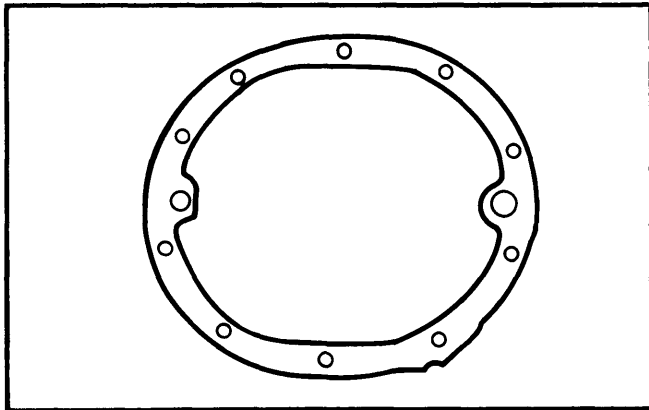


Fig. 1 8 1/2" and 8 7/8" Ring Gear Housing Cover Gasket for Axle Identification Purposes

REMOVAL & INSTALLATION

AXLE SHAFTS & BEARINGS (FRONT DRIVE AXLE)

Removal — 1) Raise vehicle and support on safety stands. Remove tire and wheel. Remove disc brake caliper. If equipped with "Full Time" 4-W.D., remove hub cap from center of hub and remove snap ring, drive gear and pressure spring.

2) Remove wheel bearing outer lock nut, lock ring and wheel bearing inner adjusting nut using tool (J-6893 & J-23446 or equivalent). Remove hub and disc assembly, outer wheel bearing and spring retainer plate.

3) If equipped with "Free Wheeling" locking hubs, turn actuator lever in hub to "LOCK" position. Rotate hub and disc assembly to make sure hub lock is engaged. Remove 6 retaining plate bolts and remove retaining plate, actuating knob and "O" ring.

4) Remove internal snap ring, outer clutch retaining ring and actuating cam body. Press in on inner clutch gear and remove axle shaft snap ring. Remove inner clutch gear, inner clutch ring, spring and spring retainer plate.

5) Remove wheel bearing outer lock nut, lock ring, locking pin and wheel bearing inner adjusting nut using tool (J-6893 & J-23-446 or equivalent). Remove hub and disc assembly and outer wheel bearing.

6) Remove spindle retaining nuts and remove spindle and bronze thrust washer by tapping end of spindle using a soft-faced hammer. Carefully pull axle shaft assembly out through hole in steering knuckle.

Installation — Reverse removal procedure and note the following:

1) When installing axle shaft assembly, care must be taken not to damage oil seal. Install bronze thrust washer with chamfered end toward slinger on axle shaft.

2) Lubricate wheel bearings and spindle bearing before installing hub and disc assembly. Install hub and disc assembly and torque inner adjusting nut to 50 ft. lbs. while rotating hub and disc assembly to seat bearings. Back off inner adjusting nut and retorque to 35 ft. lbs. while rotating hub and disc assembly.

3) Back off inner adjusting nut again to 3/8 turn maximum. Install adjusting nut lock pin. Assemble adjusting nut lock by aligning nearest hole in lock with pin. Install outer lock nut and torque to 80 ft. lbs. Hub should have .001-.010" end play.

AXLE SHAFTS & BEARINGS (REAR DRIVE AXLE)

Removal — 1) Raise vehicle. Remove wheel and tire, and brake drum. Drain lubricant from drive axle. Remove housing cover. Remove differential pinion shaft lock screw.

NOTE — On vehicles equipped with 8 7/8" ring gear and Eaton positive traction differential, proceed to step 3). On all remaining models, proceed as follows:

2) Remove differential pinion shaft. Push flanged end of axle shaft toward center of vehicle. Remove "C" lock from splined end of axle shaft and remove axle shaft.

3) On vehicles with 8 7/8" ring gear and Eaton positive traction differential, remove pinion shaft lock screw. Partly withdraw pinion shaft.

4) Rotate differential case until pinion shaft touches edge of housing. See Fig. 2.

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5) Reach into case with screwdriver and rotate "C" lock until open end points directly inward. When "C" lock is correctly positioned, axle shaft can be pushed inward, allowing "C" lock to be removed. Remove axle shaft.

CAUTION — Do not hammer on axle shaft. It should slide easily when "C" lock is correctly positioned.

6) With axle shaft removed, insert bearing removal tool (J-23689 or equivalent) into axle housing behind bearing. Attach slide hammer to tool and remove bearing and seal.

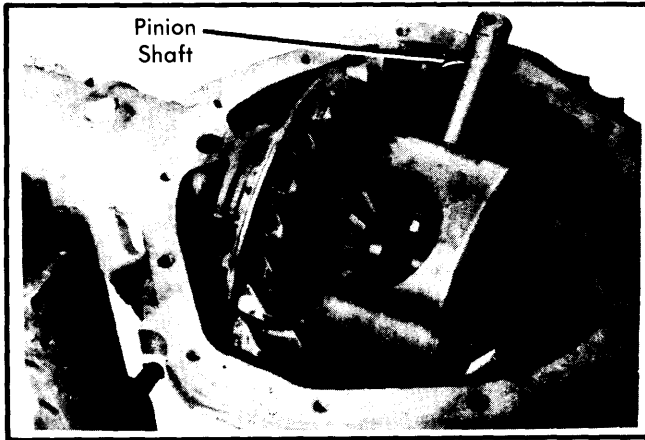


Fig. 2 Positioning Case for Axle Removal

Installation — Reverse removal procedure and note the following:

1) Install axle shaft housing bearing until it bottoms against housing. Install axle shaft housing seal until flush with outer edge of axle tube.

2) After installing axle shaft and "C" lock, pull axle shaft outward so "C" lock seats in side gear counterbore. On models equipped with Eaton positive traction differential, make sure "C" lock is correctly positioned in thrust block. See Fig. 3.

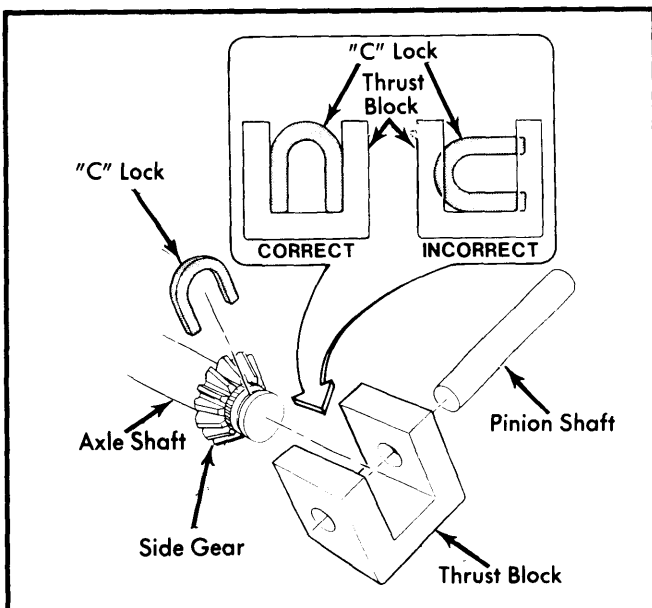


Fig. 3 View Showing Correct Positioning of "C" Lock for Removal

STEERING KNUCKLE (FRONT DRIVE AXLE)

NOTE — Steering knuckle does not have to be removed to service front axle assembly.

Removal — 1) Remove hub and disc assembly, spindle and axle shaft as previously described. Disconnect tie rod(s) from steering arm and/or knuckle. If steering arm is removed, discard self-locking nuts. Remove cotter pin from upper ball socket nut.

2) Loosen both retaining nuts from upper and lower ball sockets. Insert wedge shaped tool between lower ball stud and yoke and tap firmly with hammer to separate knuckle assembly. Repeat procedure for upper ball stud and remove retaining nuts and steering knuckle assembly.

NOTE — DO NOT remove upper ball stud adjusting sleeve unless new ball studs are being installed. Yoke can be easily damaged by hardened threads in adjusting sleeve if care is not used during knuckle removal.

Installation — Reverse removal procedure.

PINION FLANGE & SEAL

1) Raise rear of vehicle and allow axle assembly to hang free. Disconnect rear universal joint and tie propeller shaft out of way. Note and record pinion bearing preload by rotating pinion shaft through several revolutions using an INCH lb. torque wrench, then mark relationship of pinion flange and shaft for reassembly. Count the number of exposed threads on pinion shaft. Hold yoke with a suitable holding tool (J-8614-11) and remove self-locking nut. Remove yoke using a suitable puller. Pry old seal out of housing.

2) Pack seal lip cavity with lithium-base extreme pressure lubricant. Place seal in bore. Using suitable gauge plate (J-22804-1) and seal driver (J-21057) drive seal into place. Make sure seal is square in carrier. Pack cavity between end of pinion splines and pinion flange with a non-hardening sealer.

3) Using a suitable installation tool (J-8614-11) install flange on pinion shaft. Install washer and nut. Install nut in original position taking note of scribe marks and number of exposed threads. Measure pinion preload. Tighten nut in small increments until preload exceeds original figure by 1-5 INCH lbs. Install propeller shaft and lower vehicle.

CAUTION — Do not attempt to hammer flange onto pinion shaft, as it will damage ring gear and pinion.

AXLE ASSEMBLY (FRONT DRIVE AXLE)

Removal — 1) Disconnect propeller shaft from differential flange. Raise front of vehicle until weight is removed from front springs. Position safety stands behind front springs.

2) Disconnect connecting rod from steering arm. Remove and support brake caliper assembly out of way. Disconnect shock absorbers from axle brackets.

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3) Disconnect vent tube at differential housing. Remove "U" bolt nuts. Separate axle from springs and roll out from under vehicle.

Installation — Reverse removal procedure to install axle assembly.

**AXLE ASSEMBLY
(REAR DRIVE AXLE)**

Removal — 1) Raise vehicle. Raise axle until tension is released from springs and shock absorbers. Disconnect propeller shaft from flange. Tie propeller shaft out of way.

2) Disconnect shock absorbers at lower mounts. Disconnect vent hose from vent connector. Disconnect and plug brake hose at connector on axle housing.

3) Remove rear brake drums. Disconnect parking brake cable at actuating levers and at flange plate. Remove "U" bolt nuts, washers, spacers and clamp plates. Lower axle assembly and remove from vehicle.

Installation — To install axle assembly, reverse removal procedure. Bleed brake system.

OVERHAUL**DISASSEMBLY**

NOTE — Check and record ring gear backlash and pinion bearing preload before disassembly.

1) Remove lock screw retaining pinion shaft and remove pinion shaft. Roll out differential pinions and thrust washers, marking pinions and thrust washers for reassembly. Remove side gears and thrust washers, marking side gears and thrust washers for reassembly also.

2) Mark differential bearing caps and housing for reassembly. Loosen bearing cap bolts and tap surface of bearing caps to loosen. Using suitable pry bar inserted in differential carrier, pry against housing to remove carrier.

NOTE — Be careful as carrier bearings are preloaded and carrier will fall free after being pried past certain point. Bearing caps are loosely installed to support carrier at this point.

3) After removing carrier, place bearing cups with appropriate shims and install with bearing caps onto housing in same position as before removal. Using puller tool (J-22888 & J-8107-4 or equivalent), remove differential side bearings.

4) Remove ring gear bolts and tap ring gear off carrier using a soft drift and hammer. Using an INCH lb. torque wrench, check torque required to rotate drive pinion. If no preload reading is obtained, check looseness of pinion assembly. Looseness indicates pinion bearings should be replaced.

5) Install holder (J-8614-11 or equivalent) on flange with notches toward flange. Remove pinion nut and washer and remove flange. Install pinion nut half way on pinion. Install differential cover using 2 bolts. Tap end of pinion using soft drift and large hammer to remove pinion.

NOTE — Care *MUST* be used not to damage pinion bearings when removing pinion from differential housing.

6) Remove differential cover and remove pinion assembly. Remove pinion oil seal and front bearing from housing. Inspect bearings and bearing cups and replace as required. Discard oil seal, pinion nut and collapsible spacer.

CLEANING & INSPECTION

Clean all parts in cleaning solvent. Inspect all bearings, bearing cups, races and rollers for scoring, chipping or excessive wear. Inspect axle shaft and side gear splines for excessive wear. Inspect ring gear and pinion for scoring, cracking or chipping. Inspect differential case, pinion side gears, thrust washers and pinion shaft for cracks, scoring, galling or excessive wear.

REASSEMBLY & ADJUSTMENT

Case Assembly — Install ring gear squarely (use guide pins if necessary) onto case and tighten ring gear bolts evenly and alternately. Install side gears, differential pinions and thrust washers into case. Install differential pinion shaft and lock screw and tighten lock screw finger tight.

Drive Pinion Depth & Bearing Preload — 1) Drive pinion rear bearing shim thickness must be determined whenever a new axle housing, ring and pinion set, or pinion bearings are installed. Shim pack thickness is determined by using suitable gauging tool set (J-21777).

2) If removed, install pinion bearing cups into housing, then place lubricated pinion bearings into cups. Position gauge plate (J-21777-29 for 8 1/2" or J-21777-36 for 8 7/8") and rear pinion bearing pilot on preload stud, then install through rear pinion bearing, front pinion bearing, and front pinion bearing disc (J-21777-42). Install hex nut until snug, then rotate bearings to insure proper seating. Hold preload stud stationary with a wrench on flats, then tighten hex nut until 20 INCH lbs. are required to rotate bearings.

3) Mount side bearing gauging discs (J-21777-45) on ends of arbor, then place arbor into carrier making sure discs are properly seated. Install side bearing caps and bolts, then tighten bolts to avoid movement. Position dial indicator on mounting post of arbor, with contact button resting on top surface of plunger. Preload dial indicator 1/2 revolution, then tighten in this position.

4) Place plunger onto gauging area of gauge plate. Rock plunger rod slowly back and forth across gauging area until dial indicator reads greatest deflection, then set indicator to zero. Repeat rocking action several times to verify setting. Once zero reading is obtained, swing plunger until it is removed from gauging area. Dial indicator will now read required pinion shim thickness for a "nominal pinion". Record this reading.

5) Check drive pinion for painted or stamped markings on pinion stem, or a stamped code number on small end of pinion gear. If marking is found to be plus or minus number (for example, +2 or -5) add or subtract that many thousandths from indicator reading. This will then be thickness of rear pi-

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nion bearing shim pack. **NOTE** — If no markings are found on pinion, use dial indicator reading as shim thickness.

6) Remove bearing caps and gauging tool from housing. Place selected shim pack on pinion gear, then install lubricated pinion bearing onto pinion gear shaft using suitable press.

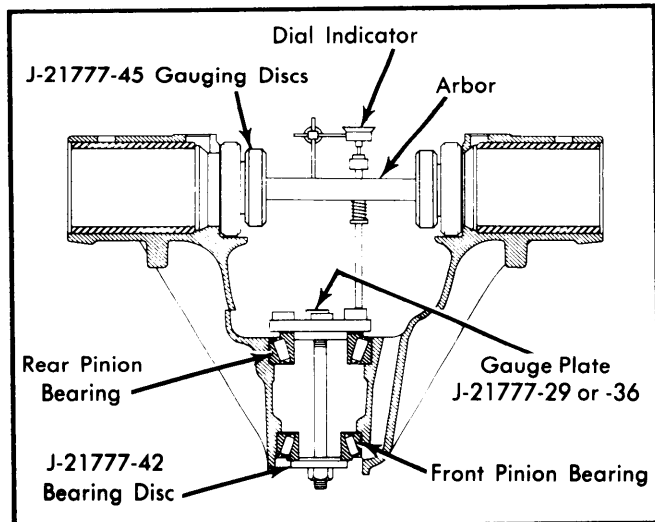


Fig. 4 Sectional View Showing Use of Pinion Depth Tool Set (J-21777)

7) Install a new collapsible spacer over pinion gear shaft, then position pinion assembly in housing. While holding pinion forward, carefully drive front pinion bearing onto pinion gear shaft until a few threads are exposed. Install seal, pinion flange, washer and nut, and tighten until all end play is removed. Rotate pinion several times to seat bearings, then check preload using an INCH lb. torque wrench. Continue tightening nut and checking preload until specified preload is obtained. **CAUTION** — Do not back off nut to lessen preload. If preload is exceeded, a new collapsible spacer must be installed and nut retightened until proper preload is obtained.

Side Bearing Preload — 1) Lubricate bearings with suitable lubricant. Place differential assembly into position in housing. Hold in place by hand.

2) Install suitable bearing strap (J-22779-6) on left bearing. Tighten bolts evenly to a snug fit. Install right bearing cap. Tighten bolts to a snug fit.

3) Position ring gear tight against pinion so that backlash is .000-.001". Insert a suitable gauging tool (J-22779) between left bearing cup and carrier housing.

4) While moving tool up and down, tighten adjusting nut until a slight drag is felt. Tighten lock bolt on side of tool.

5) Install adjustment spacer (.170") and shim between right bearing and carrier. Insert a feeler gauge thick enough to create a slight drag between shim and carrier.

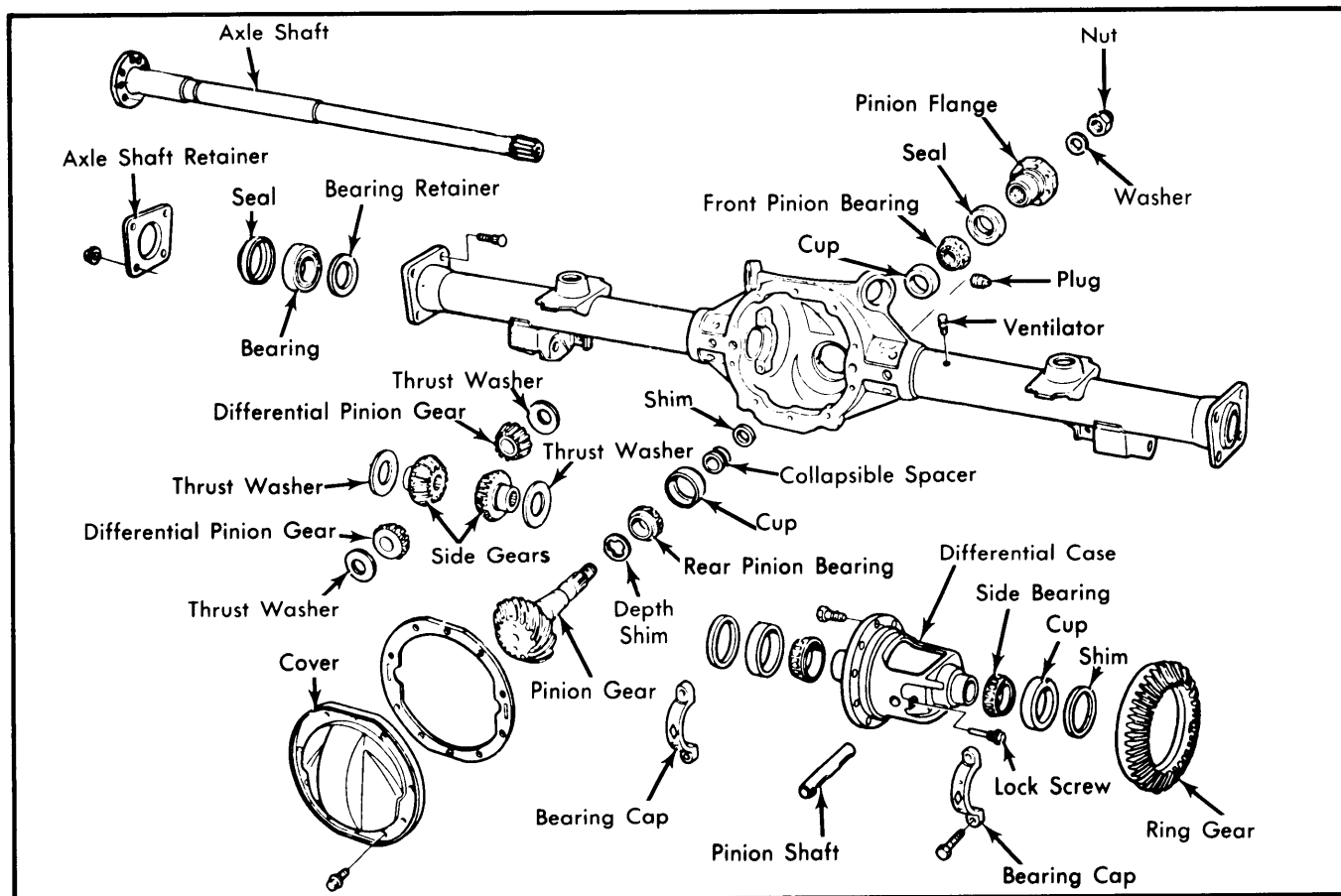


Fig. 5 Exploded View of General Motors 8 1/2" and 8 7/8" Ring Gear Axle Assembly

Drive Axles

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6) To determine correct side bearing shim thickness, measure thickness of adjusted gauging tool. Record measurement. Add together dimensions of shim, spacer and feeler gauge. Record measurement.

7) Subtract .010" from ring gear (left) side measurement and add .010" to opposite (right) side measurement. This allows for correct backlash adjustment.

8) To obtain correct preload, add .004" to both measurements. The total is the correct shim pack thickness for both sides.

Example:

Ring Gear Side (Left) Shim Pack
 +.265" (Gauging Tool Measurement)
 -.010" (Backlash Adjustment)
 +.004" (Bearing Preload)
 =.259" (Ring Gear Side Shim Pack)
 Opposite Ring Gear Side (Right) Shim Pack
 +.250" (Combined Measurement Total)
 +.010" (Backlash Adjustment)
 +.004" (Bearing Preload)
 =.279" (Opposite Ring Gear Side Shim Pack)

9) Install ring gear side shim first, then wedge opposite side shim between bearing cup and spacer. Install shim so that chamfered side is against spacer.

NOTE — If shim is not chamfered enough and it scrapes spacer when it is installed, file or grind chamfer before installation.

10) It may be necessary to partially remove differential when right side shim is being installed. Tap shim into place with a soft faced hammer. Tighten bearing cap bolts to 60 ft. lbs.

Backlash & Final Assembly — Check backlash at four locations around ring gear, using a dial indicator mounted to axle housing. Variation should not exceed .001". If backlash is not within specifications, adjust side bearing shims as necessary. **CAUTION** — Total shim pack thickness must not be changed. If a shim is removed from one side, the same thickness shim must be added to other side. After adjustment is completed, make a tooth contact pattern test and make any necessary corrections. Install axle shafts, wheels and housing cover.

TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS

Application	Ft. Lbs.
Ring Gear-to-Diff. Case	60
Side Bearing Cap	55
Pinion Shaft Lock Bolt	20-25
Housing Cover	20

AXLE ASSEMBLY SPECIFICATIONS

Application	Specification
Ring Gear Backlash005-.008"
Side Bearing Preload008"
Pinion Bearing Preload	
Used Bearings	10-15 INCH Lbs.
New Bearings	20-25 INCH Lbs.