

Chrysler Corp. 6 Engines

1965-74 170", 198" & 225" 6 CYL. ENGINES

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS							
Year	Displ. Cu. Ins.	Carburetor	HP at RPM	Torque (Ft. Lbs. at RPM)	Compr. Ratio	Bore	Stroke
1965-74	170"	1-Bbl.	.....	.....	8.5-1	3.40"	3.12"
	198"	1-Bbl.	.....	.....	8.4-1	3.40"	3.64"
	225"	1-Bbl.	.....	.....	8.4-1	3.40"	4.125"

ENGINE IDENTIFICATION

Engine Identification Number is stamped on block below number 1 spark plug. First three numerals designate engine cubic inch displacement.

Application	Numerals
170"	170
198"	198
225"	225

SPECIAL ENGINE MARKS

Special engine marks are stamped on the cylinder block after the serial number and are decoded as follows:

- "LC" - Low compression.
- "HC" - High compression.
- "HP" - High performance.

Maltese Cross (⌘) - .001" undersize crankshaft journals. "M" or "R", representing "main" or "rod" followed by the cylinder number of journals concerned, will be found stamped on a crankshaft counterweight.

Maltese Cross (⌘) And "X" - .010" undersize crankshaft journals. "M" or "R" will be found stamped on a crankshaft counterweight.

- "A" - Indicates all cylinder bores .020" oversize.
- "♦" - Indicates .008 oversize tappets.
- "O/S" - Indicates .005" oversize valve stems and is stamped on the thermostat boss at front of cylinder head.

Installation - Install new gasket between intake and exhaust manifold and install three screws securing manifolds together. Do not tighten screws at this time. Position manifold assembly on cylinder head using a new gasket. Install washers with cup side against manifold and snug all nuts. Tighten three intake to exhaust screws starting with inner screw. Start at center of manifold assembly and work outward, tightening manifold nuts. Reinstall carburetor, linkage, hoses and air cleaner.

CYLINDER HEAD

Removal - Drain cooling system. Remove air cleaner, fuel line and vacuum control tube at carburetor and distributor. Disconnect accelerator linkage, spark plug wires, temperature sending unit wire and all hoses to cylinder head. Disconnect exhaust pipe at manifold, diverter valve vacuum line from intake manifold and remove air tube assembly from cylinder head. Remove intake and exhaust manifold with carburetor, as an assembly. Remove crankcase vent valve with tube, closed ventilation system, and evaporation control system (if equipped). Remove rocker arm cover, rocker arm and shaft assembly. Remove push rods and identify to insure installation in original location. Remove cylinder head bolts, cylinder head and gasket.

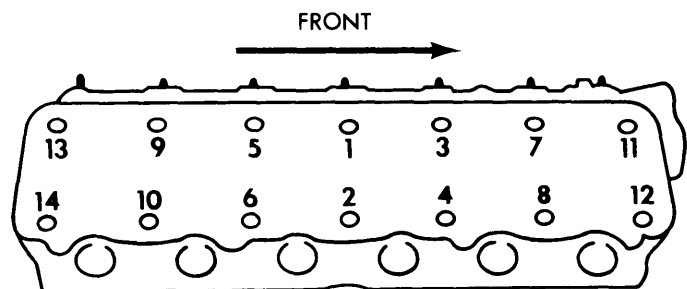
Installation - Clean all gasket surfaces of cylinder block and head. Coat new gasket with suitable sealer. Install gasket and cylinder head on cylinder block. Install cylinder head bolts and tighten to specifications in two steps. Use tightening sequence shown in illustration. **NOTE** - Do not retighten bolts after engine has been operated when steel head gaskets are used.

ENGINE REMOVAL

See Engine Removal at end of Engine Section.

MANIFOLD ASSEMBLY

Removal - Disconnect all hoses and lines from air cleaner and remove air cleaner. Remove carburetor air heater, disconnect all lines and linkage to carburetor and remove carburetor. Disconnect exhaust pipe at manifold. Remove nuts and washers securing manifold assembly to cylinder head and remove manifold. Remove three screws securing intake manifold to exhaust manifold and separate manifolds.



2D001

CYLINDER HEAD TIGHTENING SEQUENCE

1965-74 170", 198" & 225" 6 CYL. ENGINES (Cont.)

VALVES							
Engine & Valve	Head Diam.	Face Angle	Seat Angle	Seat Width	Stem Diameter	Stem Clearance	Valve Lift
1965 170" & 225" Int.	1.620"	45°	45°	$\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{3}{32}$ "	.372-.373"	.001-.003"	.375"
	1.360"	43°	45°	$\frac{3}{64}$ - $\frac{1}{16}$ "	.371-.372"	.002-.004"	.360"
1966 170" Int.	1.620"	45°	45°	$\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{3}{32}$ "	.372-.373"	.001-.003"	.375"
	1.360"	43°	45°	$\frac{3}{64}$ - $\frac{1}{16}$ "	.371-.372"	.002-.004"	.365"
225" Int.	1.620"	45°	45°	$\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{3}{32}$ "	.372-.373"	.001-.003"	.395"
	1.360"	43°	45°	$\frac{3}{64}$ - $\frac{1}{16}$ "	.371-.372"	.002-.004"	.395"
1967-71 170", 198" & 225" Int.	1.620"	45°	45°	$\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{3}{32}$ "	.372-.373"	.001-.003"	.397"
	1.360"	43°	45°	$\frac{3}{64}$ - $\frac{1}{16}$ "	.371-.372"	.002-.004"	.392"
1972-74 225" Int.	1.620"	45°	45°	$\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{3}{32}$ "	.372-.373"	.001-.003"	.406"
	1.360"	43°	45°	$\frac{3}{64}$ - $\frac{1}{16}$ "	.371-.372"	.002-.004"	.414"

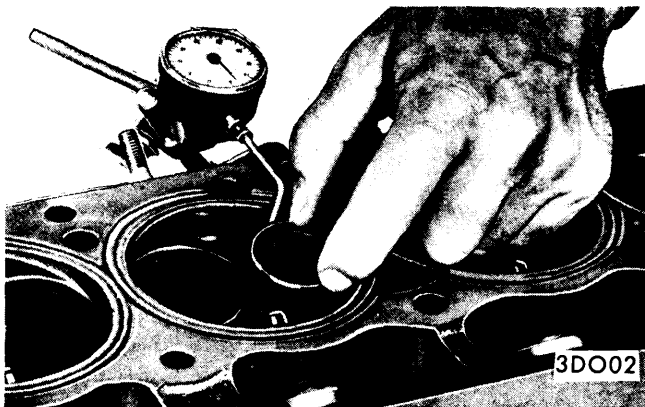
VALVE ARRANGEMENT

E-I-E-I-E-I-E-I-E-I-E (front to rear).

VALVE GUIDE SERVICING

Wear Check — Remove valve springs and install suitable sleeve over valve stem and install valve in cylinder head. Attach suitable dial indicator to cylinder head and position indicator at a right angle to valve stem being measured. Total sideplay should not exceed .017". If dial reading is excessive or stems are scuffed or scored, ream guides for installation of valves with oversize stems.

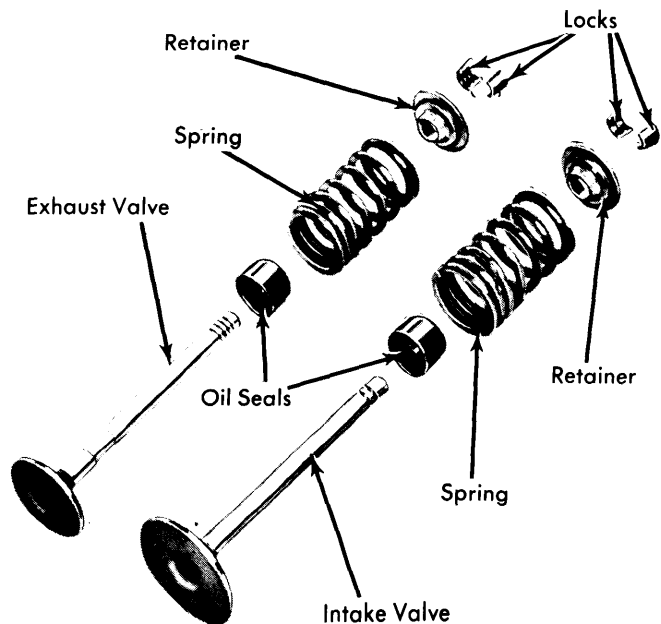
Servicing — Ream guides to next oversize valve stem if necessary. Oversize valve stems are available in .005", .015" and .030" oversize. **NOTE** — Do not attempt to ream guides from standard diameter to .030" oversize in one step. Use step procedure to obtain the .030".



MEASURING VALVE STEM TO GUIDE CLEARANCE

VALVE STEM OIL SEALS

Cup type seal is used on all valves. Long seal is used on intake valve and short seal is used on exhaust valve. If seals are removed for any reason, new seals must be used upon assembly.



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VALVE ASSEMBLIES

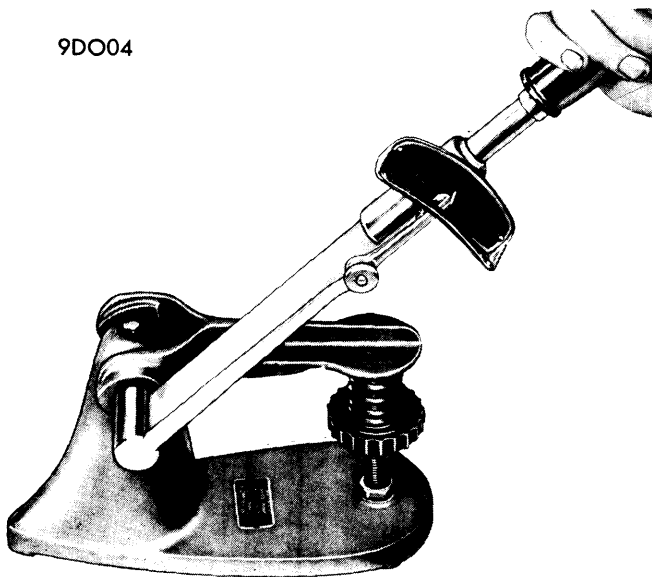
1965-74 170", 198" & 225" 6 CYL. ENGINES (Cont.)

VALVE SPRINGS			
Engine	Free Length	PRESSURE (LBS.)	
		Valve Closed	Valve Open
1965-74 170", 198" & 225"	1.92"	49-57@1 1/16"	137-150@1 3/16"

VALVE SPRINGS

Removal — With cylinder head removed, compress valve springs using a suitable tool (C3422A). Remove valve retaining locks, valve spring retainers, valve springs and valve stem cup seals. *NOTE* — Remove any burrs from valve stem lock grooves to prevent damage to valve guide if valves are removed.

Inspection — Whenever valve springs have been removed, they must be tested. Using a suitable tester, the valve springs should test 137-150 lbs. when compressed to a height of 1 3/16". Replace springs which do not meet specifications. Inspect each valve spring for squareness using a steel square and surface plate. If spring is more than 1/16" out-of-square, a new spring must be installed.



TESTING VALVE SPRINGS

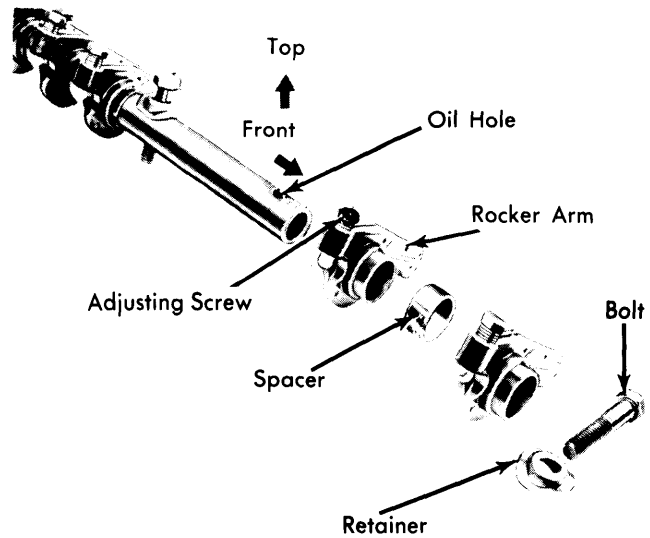
Installation — Coat valve stems with engine oil and insert valves in cylinder head. Install new cup seals on all valve stems and over valve guides. Install valve springs and retainers. Install springs so closed coils are against cylinder head. Compress valve springs using suitable tool (C-3422A), install valve locks and release tool.

VALVE SPRING INSTALLED HEIGHT

If valves and/or seats are reground, measure installed height of springs. Measurement is taken from bottom of spring seat in cylinder head to bottom surface of spring retainer. *NOTE* — If spacers are installed measure from top of spacer. Installed height should be 1 5/8" to 1 1/16". If exhaust valves are equipped with positive type rotators, height should be 1 33/64" to 1 37/64". If not within specifications, install a 1/16" spacer at head counterbore to correct spring height. *CAUTION* — Do not shim to a height less than specifications.

ROCKER ARM ASSEMBLY

Stamped steel rocker arms are arranged on a rocker arm shaft. Hardened steel spacers are used between pairs of rocker arms. Shaft is supported and attached to seven mounts on cylinder head. See illustration for assembly of parts, noting the following: The flat and oil hole on rocker arm shaft must be installed upward and toward front of engine for proper lubrication. Install long retainer at center position and long shaft bolt at rear of engine. Shaft retainers must seat on rocker shaft and not on extended bushing of rocker arm.



1DO05

ROCKER ARM SHAFT ASSEMBLY

MECHANICAL VALVE LIFTER ADJUSTMENT

Temporarily set intake to .015" and exhaust to .025" with engine cold. Operate engine until normal operating temperature is reached (approximately 185°F water temperature). Allow engine to idle at 550 RPM at operating temperature for five minutes. Adjust intake to .012" and exhaust to .024" with engine at operating temperature. *NOTE* — On Plymouth Voyager set intake to .010" and exhaust to .020".

1965-74 170", 198" & 225" 6 CYL. ENGINES (Cont.)

PISTONS, PINS, RINGS						
Engine	PISTONS	PINS		RINGS		
	① Clearance	Piston Fit	Rod Fit	Rings	End Gap	Side Clearance
1965 170" & 225"	.0005-.0015"	.00056-.00075"	.0007-.0012"	1 & 2 3	.010-.020" .010-.020"	.0015-.003" .001-.003"
1966-74 170", 198" & 225"	.0005-.0015"	.00045-.00075"	.0007-.0012"	1 & 2 3	.010-.020" .015-.055"	.0015-.003" .001-.003"

① — Wear limit is .0025".

OIL PAN

See *Oil Pan Removal at end of Engine Section.*

PISTON & ROD ASSEMBLY

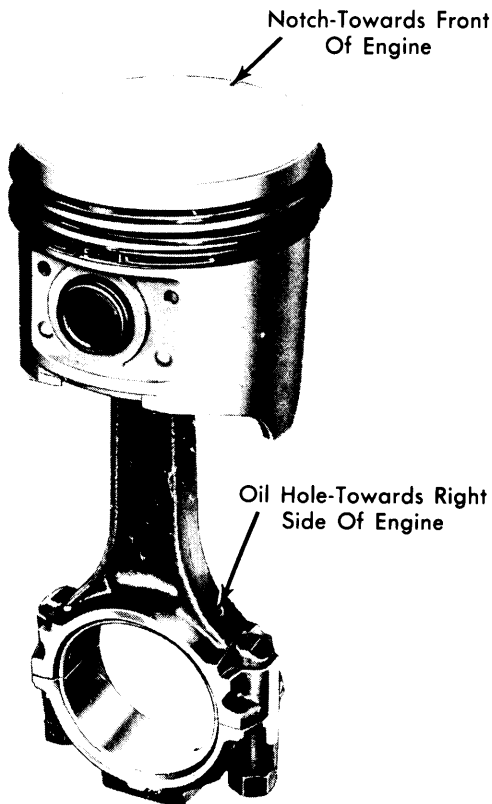
Removal — With cylinder head and oil pan removed, use a suitable ridge cutter (C-3012) to remove any ridge or deposits on upper end of cylinder bore. *NOTE* — *Piston must be at bottom of stroke and covered with cloth to collect cutting.* Inspect connecting rods and caps for cylinder identification and mark as necessary. Rotate crankshaft so each connecting rod is centered in cylinder bore for removal. Remove rod cap and push piston and rod assembly out top of cylinder block, taking care not to nick crankshaft journal or cylinder wall. Install rod caps on mating rods.

Installation — 1) Compression ring gaps must be located on piston so they will be on left side of engine and staggered about 60° apart. *NOTE* — *Neither gap should line up with oil ring rail gaps and identification "TOP" on each compression ring should face top of piston.* Rotate oil ring expander so gaps are at right side of engine and rotate steel rails so gaps are opposite (positioned above piston pin holes).

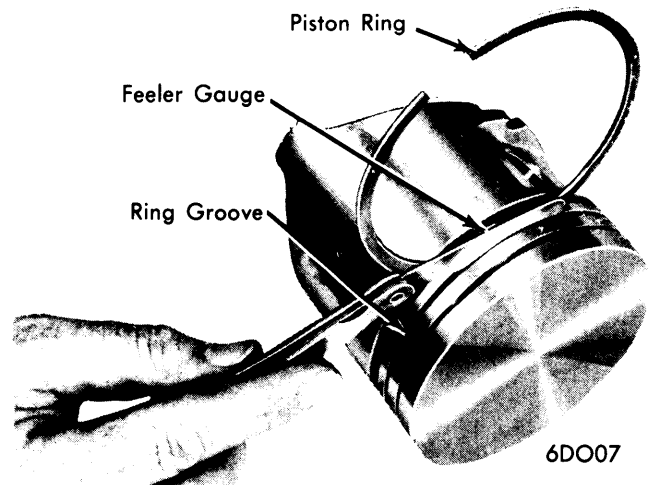
2) Lightly coat cylinder bores, pistons and rings with engine oil, slide suitable ring compressor over piston and tighten. *NOTE* — *Do not allow position of rings to change during this operation.* Install each piston and rod assembly, with notch on piston head facing front of engine and oil hole in connecting rod toward right side of engine, in its respective bore and guide connecting rod onto crankshaft journal. Tap piston head lightly with hammer handle to seat connecting rod and bearing against crankshaft. Install rod cap with bearing, nuts and tighten.

FITTING PISTONS

1) With pistons and cylinder bores dry and clean, measure for piston-to-cylinder wall clearance. Measurements should be taken at room temperature (70°F). Measure piston diameter at top of skirt, 90° to piston pin axis. Measure cylinder bore halfway down cylinder and 90° to crankshaft center line.



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CORRECT ASSEMBLY-ROD TO PISTON

6DO07

CHECKING RING SIDE CLEARANCE

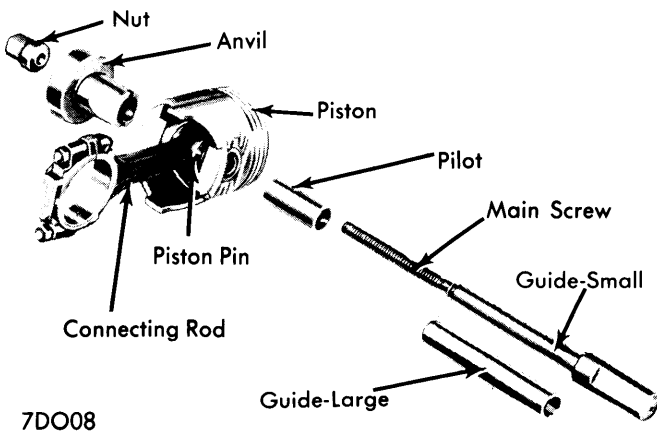
1965-74 170", 198" & 225" 6 CYL. ENGINES (Cont.)

2) Check cylinder bore for taper or out-of-round conditions using a micrometer or cylinder gauge. Cylinder bore must not show more than .005" out-of-round or taper more than .010". If taper and out-of-round are not within specifications, or cylinder walls are scuffed or scored, cylinders should be honed before installing new rings. If cylinders are honed, they must be thoroughly washed with soapy water before installing pistons. For cylinders which have been honed or rebored, pistons assemblies are available in .005", .020" and .040" oversize.

3) Check ring end gap in cylinder bore with a feeler gauge. Ring must be square in bore and about 2" from bottom of cylinder bore to which it is being fitted. Check ring side clearance in ring groove of piston with a feeler gauge. Steel rail service oil ring should be free in groove and all ring grooves in piston must be clean.

PISTON PINS

Removal — Arrange suitable tool (C-3724) parts for removal of piston pin as shown in illustration and note the

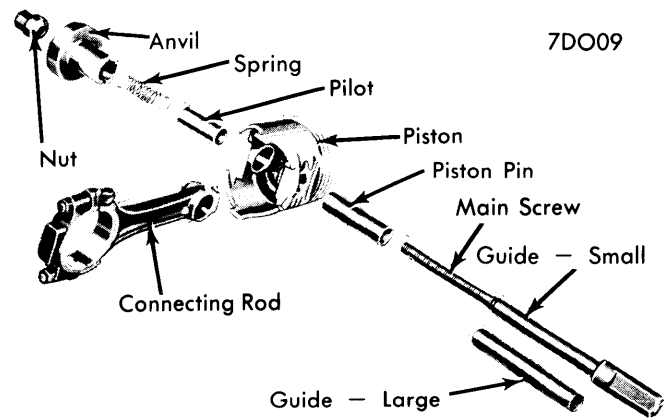


PISTON PIN REMOVAL

following: Spring must be removed from tool anvil. Install nut loosely on main screw. When pin falls free from connecting rod, stop press to prevent damage to bottom of anvil.

Installation — Measure piston pin fit in the piston. If pin is not a sliding fit in piston at 70°F, piston pin and piston must be replaced as an assembly. Lubricate piston pin holes in piston and connecting rod. Arrange suitable tool(C-3724) parts for installation of piston pin as shown in illustration and note the following: Install spring inside pilot and install spring and pilot in the anvil. Position piston with notch up and oil hole in connecting rod so oil hole will face right side of engine upon installation. Press pin into position until pin bottoms on pilot of tool.

Checking Pin Fit — Arrange suitable tool (C-3724) parts as for removal of piston pin. Place assembly in a vise, attach torque wrench to nut and test torque up to 15 ft. lbs. If connecting rod moves downward on piston pin, replacement is necessary.



PISTON PIN INSTALLATION

CRANKSHAFT MAIN & CONNECTING ROD BEARINGS							
Engine	MAIN BEARINGS				CONNECTING ROD BEARINGS		
	Journal Diam.	① Clearance	Thrust Bearing	Crankshaft Endplay	Journal Diam.	① Clearance	Sideplay
1965-74 170", 198" & 225"	2.750"	.0005-.0015"	No. 3	.0035-.0085"	2.187"	.0005-.0015"	.006-.012"

① — Wear limit is .0025".

MAIN & CONNECTING ROD BEARINGS

NOTE — Following procedures are with oil pan and oil pump removed.

Connecting Rod Bearings — 1) After ensuring rod caps are marked for cylinder identification, remove rod caps. Smooth edges of a 1/2" by 3/4" piece of brass shim stock .001" thick. Oil and place between the bearing and connecting rod journal. Install bearing cap and tighten. Rotate crankshaft 1/4 turn in each direction (Shim Stock Method for checking clearances). If a slight drag is felt, clearance is within limits. If

no drag is felt, clearance is excessive. If crankshaft cannot be rotated, clearance is not enough.

2) New bearings are available in standard, .001", .002", .003", .010" and .012" undersize. Taper or out-of-round on any crankshaft journal should not exceed .001". Always install new bearings in pairs. **NOTE** — Never use a new bearing with an old bearing on the same journal. Install bearings so small formed tang fits into machined groove in connecting rod. Install rod caps and tighten nuts.

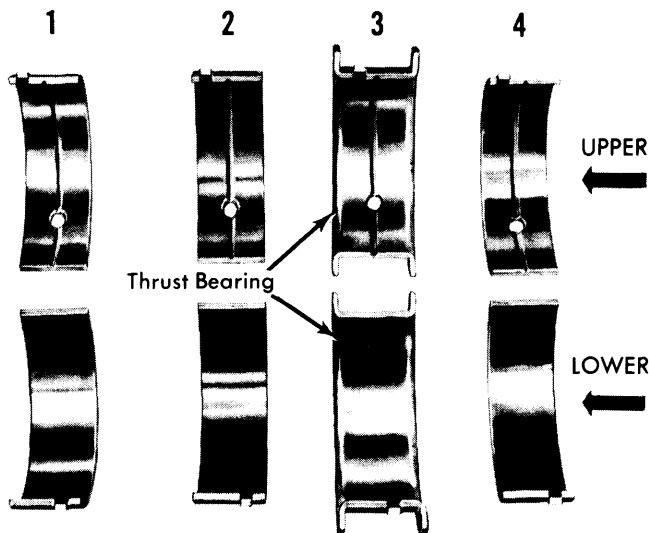
1965-74 170", 198" & 225" 6 CYL. ENGINES (Cont.)

Main Bearings — 1) Use Shim Stock Method and check main bearing clearances, one at a time while all other main bearing caps are tight. New bearings are available in standard, .001", .002", .003", .010" and .012" undersize. A new .001" bearing may be used in combination with a new standard bearing or a .002" with a .001". **NOTE** — Always use smaller diameter bearing as the upper bearing and never use a new bearing with an old bearing on the same journal.

2) Upper main bearings are grooved and lower main bearings are plain and are not interchangeable. Lower main bearings one, two and four are interchangeable. Upper main bearings two and four are interchangeable. Upper main bearing one is chamfered on tab side for timing chain oiling and can be identified by a red marking on edge of bearing. This bearing is not interchangeable.

3) If bearing clearances are not within limits, remove bearing cap, insert suitable tool (C-3509) in oil hole journal and rotate crankshaft clockwise to remove upper bearing. To install new bearing, slightly chamfer sharp edges from plain side and start bearing in place. Insert tool and slowly rotate crankshaft counterclockwise, sliding bearing in place. Install main bearing cap with new bearing installed and tighten.

4) Check crankshaft end play and if not within specifications, change number three main bearing. This bearing carries thrust load.



8DO10

MAIN BEARING IDENTIFICATION

REAR MAIN BEARING OIL SEAL

New split type rubber seals may be replaced without removing the crankshaft. New type seals must be installed as a pair and cannot be used or combined with old type rope seals.

Removal — Remove upper rope seal by turning suitable tool (C-4148) into end of seal and pulling seal out with tool, being careful not to mar crankshaft. Remove lower seal by carefully prying from the side with a small screwdriver.

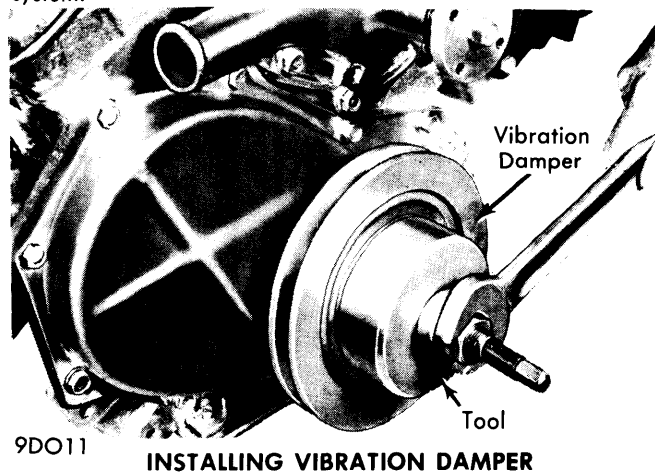
Installation — Oil upper seal lightly with engine oil. Hold seal (with paint stripe to rear) tightly against crankshaft with a thumb and rotate crankshaft while sliding seal into groove. **CAUTION** — Sharp edge of groove in block may shave or

nick the back of seal. Care must be exercised not to damage the sealing lip. Install lower half of seal into lower seal retainer with paint stripe to the rear. Install main bearing cap and tighten. Install lower seal retainer and tighten. **NOTE** — Do not use sealer or cement on seal ends or lip.

ENGINE FRONT COVER

Removal — Drain cooling system and remove radiator from vehicle. Remove drive belts, fan and pulley from water pump hub. Using a suitable puller (C-3732A), remove vibration damper. Loosen oil pan bolts to provide clearance between pan and lower flange of cover. Remove front cover attaching bolts and cover.

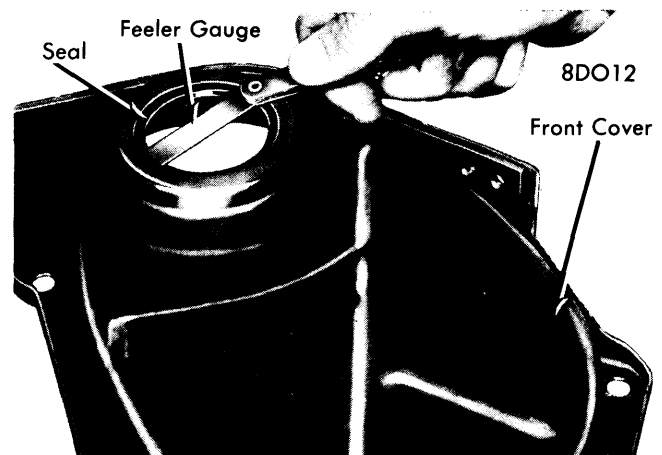
Installation — Check that mating surfaces of front cover and cylinder block are clean and free of burrs. Install cover with new gasket and tighten bolts. Tighten oil pan bolts with gaskets in place. Lubricate front cover seal lip with Lubriplate, position vibration damper hub slot on key in crankshaft and slide hub onto crankshaft. Position suitable installing tool (part of C-3732A) in position and press vibration damper assembly on crankshaft. Install drive belt pulley, fan and drive belts. Install radiator. Adjust drive belt tension and fill cooling system.



INSTALLING VIBRATION DAMPER

FRONT COVER OIL SEAL

Removal — With front cover removed, use a drift and hammer to lightly tap at several positions around seal case to



CHECKING FRONT COVER SEAL INSTALLATION

1965-74 170", 198" & 225" 6 CYL. ENGINES (Cont.)

deform seal inward. **CAUTION** — Support front cover at seal area to prevent deforming front cover. Using vise grips, twist and pull seal at several positions to remove seal from cover.

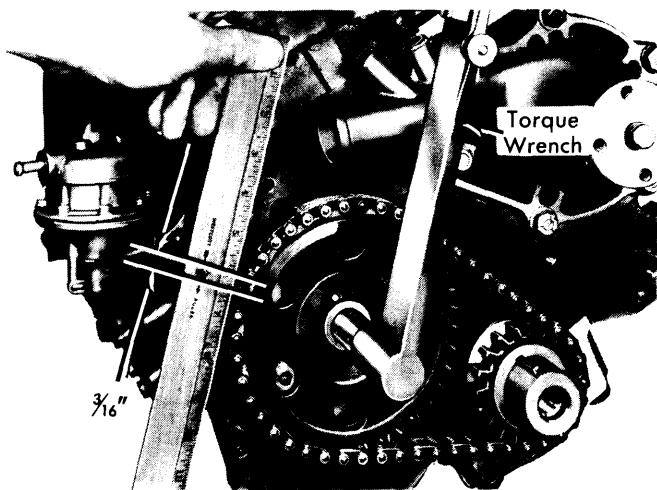
Installation — Use a suitable tool (C-3506) to press seal into front cover. Seal is properly installed when seal case is tight against face of cover. A .0015" feeler gauge should not be able to enter between neoprene face and cover (see illustration).

CAMSHAFT				
Engine	Journal Diam.	Clearance [Ⓛ]	Lobe Lift	
1965-71 All		.001-.003"	.....
	No. 1			2.0015"
	No. 2			1.9845"
	No. 3			1.9695"
	No. 4			1.9535"
1972-74 225"		.001-.003"	.....
	No. 1			1.998"
	No. 2			1.982"
	No. 3			1.967"
	No. 4			1.951"

Ⓛ — Wear limit is .005".

TIMING CHAIN

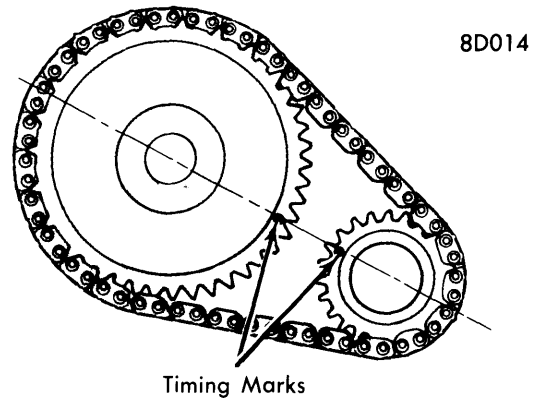
Checking For Stretch — Position scale next to timing chain (see illustration) to measure any movement of the chain. Place torque wrench with socket over camshaft sprocket lock bolt and apply torque in direction of crankshaft rotation to remove slack. Torque should be 30 ft. lbs. with cylinder heads installed or 15 ft. lbs. with cylinder heads removed. **NOTE** — Do not permit the crankshaft to move. Apply same torque in reverse direction and measure amount of chain movement. If movement exceeds $\frac{3}{16}$ ", install a new timing chain



8D013

MEASURING TIMING CHAIN STRETCH

Removal & Installation — Remove camshaft sprocket attaching bolt and remove timing chain with camshaft sprocket. Turn crankshaft to line up centerline of camshaft and crankshaft with the timing mark on crankshaft sprocket (see illustration). Install camshaft sprocket and timing chain, lining up timing marks on the sprockets with centerline of crankshaft and camshaft. Tighten camshaft sprocket bolt.



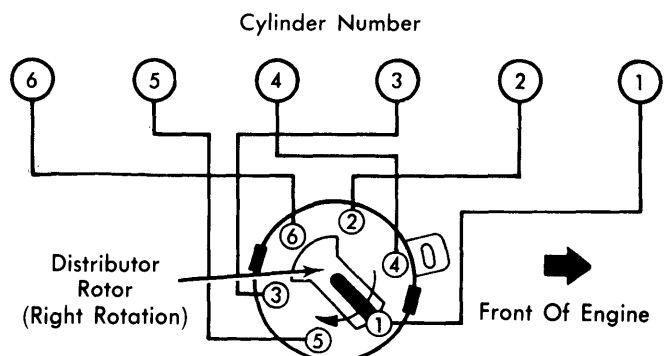
TIMING CHAIN SPROCKET ALIGNMENT

CAMSHAFT

Removal — With engine removed from vehicle, remove cylinder head. Remove tappets using a suitable tool. Remove fuel pump, distributor and oil pump. Remove front cover and timing chain. Install a long bolt into front of camshaft and carefully remove camshaft. **CAUTION** — Take care not to damage bearings with cam lobes.

Installation — 1) Lubricate camshaft lobes and bearing journals and insert camshaft into cylinder block. Check all tappets with a straight edge for crown. If any negative crown (dishing) is observed, tappet must be replaced. **NOTE** — Tappet must have a definite crown. Install timing chain and sprockets, front cover, fuel pump and oil pump. Install tappets and cylinder head.

2) Install distributor, timing the engine as follows: Rotate crankshaft until mark on inner edge of crankshaft pulley is in



3D015

TIMING DISTRIBUTOR

1965-74 170", 198" & 225" 6 CYL. ENGINES (Cont.)

line with the TDC mark on front cover. No. 1 piston should be at top dead center of compression stroke (both valves closed). With distributor "O" rings in position, hold distributor over mounting pad and turn rotor to point forward. Install distributor so that when fully seated on engine, the gear has spiraled to bring rotor to 5 o'clock position. Turn distributor so rotor is positioned directly under No.1 tower of distributor cap. Install and tighten distributor hold-down bolt.

CAMSHAFT BEARINGS

Removal — With camshaft removed, drive out rear cam bearing welch plug. Install proper size adapters and

horseshoe washers of suitable tool (C-3132A) at back of each bearing and drive out bearings.

Installation — Use suitable tool (C-3132A) by sliding new bearing over proper adapter, position bearing on tool, install horseshoe lock and drive bearing into place. **NOTE** — Camshaft bearing oil hole must be in exact alignment with drilled oil passage from main bearing. Insert remaining bearings in same manner. No.1 bearing must be installed $\frac{3}{32}$ " inward from front face of cylinder block. Apply suitable sealer to new welch plug and install at rear of camshaft. **CAUTION** — Make sure this plug does not leak.

ENGINE OILING

Crankcase Capacity — On A100 models capacity is 4 quarts. On all other models capacity is 5 quarts. Add 1 quart with filter change on all models.

Oil Filter — Replace every second oil change, following installation directions printed on case of new filter.

Normal Oil Pressure — 45-60 psi at 1000 RPM (1965-70) and 30-70 psi at 2000 RPM (1971-74).

Pressure Regulator Valve — In oil pump body. Not adjustable.

ENGINE OILING SYSTEM

See illustration. Rotor type oil pump mounted externally on right side of crankcase. Oil pump assembly consists of oil pump, oil filter and oil pressure regulator. Pump draws oil from oil pan through fixed strainer and intake pipe screwed into crankcase wall at pump mounting pad. Pump delivers oil directly into main oil gallery extending along right side of crankcase.

Rocker Arms & Valves — Transverse channel in rear camshaft journal feeds oil from rear camshaft bearing up through channel in block and cylinder head to rear rocker arm shaft bracket (oil flows around rear bracket bolt into rocker shaft). Trough on upper surface of rocker arm lubricates push rod seats and valve stems.

Crankshaft Bearings — All main bearings are lubricated as shown in illustration. Connecting rod bearings are lubricated by holes drilled in the crankshaft between main and connecting rod journals.

OIL PUMP

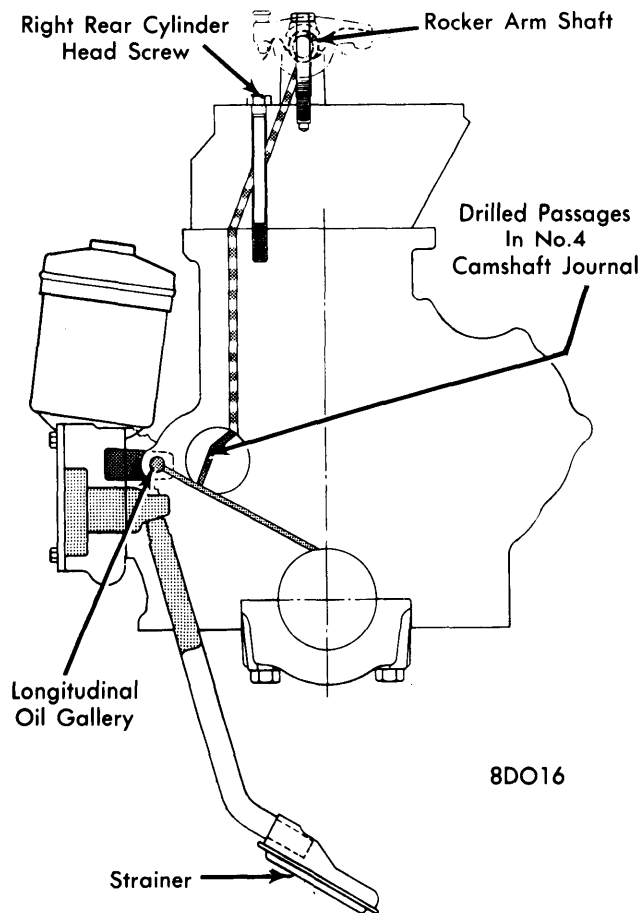
Disassembly — Remove pump cover and seal ring. Press off drive gear while supporting gear to eliminate load on aluminum body of pump. Remove outer rotor and inner rotor with shaft. Remove oil pressure relief valve plug, spring and valve.

Inspection — Clean all parts thoroughly. Mating face of oil pump cover should be smooth and must be replaced if scratched or grooved. Measure all clearances indicated in Oil Pump Specifications table and replace parts as follows:

1) Replace front cover if pump cover wear is excessive. Replace outer rotor if thickness and diameter are not within specifications. Replace inner rotor if thickness is not within specifications. Replace oil pump body if outer rotor-to-pump body is not within specifications.

2) Replace pump body if clearance over rotors is not within specifications. Replace both inner and outer rotors if tip clearance between rotors is not within specifications.

3) Relief valve spring should have a free length of $2\frac{3}{32}$ - $2\frac{1}{64}$ " (1965-70) or $2\frac{1}{4}$ " (1971-74). Spring should test to 14.85-15.85 lbs. (1965-70) or 22.3.-23.3 lbs. (1971-74) when compressed to $1\frac{1}{32}$ ". Replace springs which do not meet specifications.

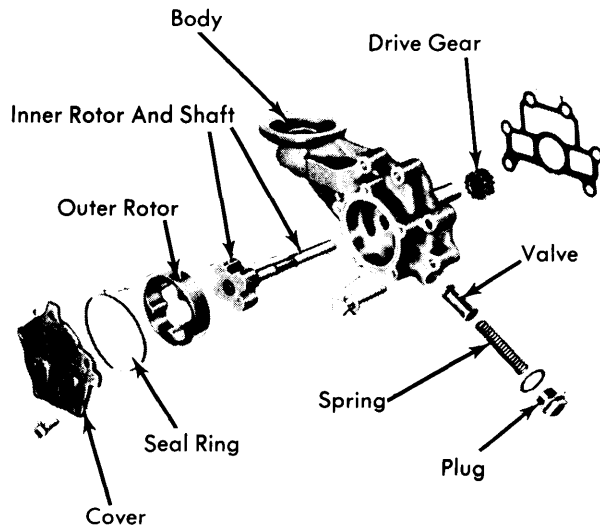
**ENGINE OILING SYSTEM**

1965-74 170", 198" & 225" 6 CYL. ENGINES (Cont.) ENGINE OILING (Cont.)

Oil Pump Specifications

Pump Cover Wear.....	.0015" Max.
Inner & Outer Rotor Thickness.....	.649" Min.
Outer Rotor Diameter.....	2.469" Min.
Clearance Over Rotors.....	.004" Max.
Outer Rotor-to-Pump Body.....	.0014" Max.
Tip Clearance Between Rotors.....	.010" Max.

Assembly — Assemble pump in reverse order of disassembly using new parts as required. Prime oil pump before installation by filling rotor cavity with engine oil.



9DO17

OIL PUMP ASSEMBLY

TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS

Application	Ft. Lbs.
Camshaft Lock Bolt	
"B" Models (1974).....	50
All Other Models.....	35
Connecting Rod Cap.....	45
Cylinder Head	
"B" & "PB" Models.....	70
All Other Models.....	65
Exhaust Manifold Nut.....	10
Front Cover	
A100	
1965-66.....	INCH Lbs. 200
1967-70.....	15
"B" Models.....	INCH Lbs. 200
All Other Models	
1965-67.....	INCH Lbs.200
1968-72.....	15
1973-74.....	INCH Lbs. 200
Fuel Pump.....	30
Intake-to-Exhaust	
A100.....	15
"B" Models	
1965-71.....	15
1972-74.....	20
Main Bearing Cap.....	85
Manifold-to-Cylinder Head.....	10
Oil Pump Attaching Bolt.....	INCH Lbs. 200
Oil Pump Cover	
A100.....	12
"B" Models.....	8
All Other Models	
1965-71.....	12
1972-74.....	8
Rear Main Brg. Seal Retainer.....	30
Rocker Arm Cover.....	INCH Lbs. 40
Rocker Arm Shaft	
A100.....	30
"B" Models.....	25
All other Models	
1965-71.....	30
1972-74.....	25
Water Pump.....	30