

MAZDA

808
B1600
RX-3
RX-4
RE (Rotary Pickup)

DESCRIPTION

Axle housing is banjo type with removable differential carrier and semi-floating axle shafts. Ring and pinion are hypoid type, in which centerline of pinion is set below centerline of ring gear. Differential case may be either two pinion or four pinion design. The axle shafts are retained in housing by ball bearings and bearing retainers at axle housing outer ends.

AXLE RATIO & IDENTIFICATION

All Mazda models use one basic type of rear axle assembly. Any differences in Removal & Installation or Overhaul procedures will be noted where they occur. To determine axle ratio, divide number of ring gear teeth by number of pinion teeth.

REMOVAL & INSTALLATION

AXLE SHAFTS & BEARINGS

Removal (All Exc. Pick-Up) — Remove wheel and tire assembly and brake drum. Remove brake shoe return springs and brake shoes. On RX-4 models, remove center cap adapter from axle shaft flange. On all models, withdraw nuts attaching retainer and backing plate to axle housing, then use a suitable puller (49 0259 631 and 49 0223 630A) to remove axle from housing.

Bearing Replacement (All Exc. Pick-Up) — Remove axle bearing and collar using a press and a suitable bearing adapter (49 0259 745). *NOTE* — If pressure necessary to remove bearing exceeds 10 tons, or if bearing adapter is not

available, grind bearing retaining collar down and cut with a chisel to remove. To reassemble, apply a light coat of oil to axle shaft and place bearing retainer and spacer on shaft. Position bearing on shaft with sealed side toward axle shaft flange, then press bearing on shaft until spacer contacts shaft shoulder. Next, press bearing retaining collar on shaft until it seats firmly against bearing. *NOTE* — Do not press bearing and collar on shaft at the same time. In addition, if collar is installed with less than 3 tons pressure, replace with a new part.

Installation (All Exc. Pick-Up) — 1) Apply a light coat of grease to oil seal in axle housing. Check axle shaft end clearance as follows: Install backing plate and gasket temporarily and measure depth of bearing seat in axle housing. Then, measure width of axle bearing outer race. The difference between the two measurements indicates the required thickness of shim.

2) Shims are available in thicknesses of .004" (.1 mm) and .016" (.4 mm). After selecting correct shim pack, apply sealant to shims and position brake backing plate and shims on axle housing. Install axle shaft assembly in housing using a new gasket, then install and tighten retainer bolts. At this time, recheck end play; maximum end play allowable is .004" (.1 mm). Install brake shoes, return springs, brake drum, and wheel and tire assembly.

Removal (B1600 & RE Pick-Up) — Remove wheel and tire assembly, then remove brake drum and brake shoes. Remove parking brake cable retainer and disconnect brake lines at wheel cylinders. Remove nuts attaching backing plate and bearing housing to axle housing, then pull axle shaft, backing plate, bearing housing assembly, and shims off axle housing.

Bearing Replacement (B1600 & RE Pick-Up) — Straighten tabs of lock washer, and using a suitable spanner wrench (49 0603 621A), remove lock nut and lock washer. Using a puller, withdraw bearing and housing assembly from axle shaft, then remove backing plate. Remove bearing and oil seal from housing. To reassemble, reverse disassembly procedure.

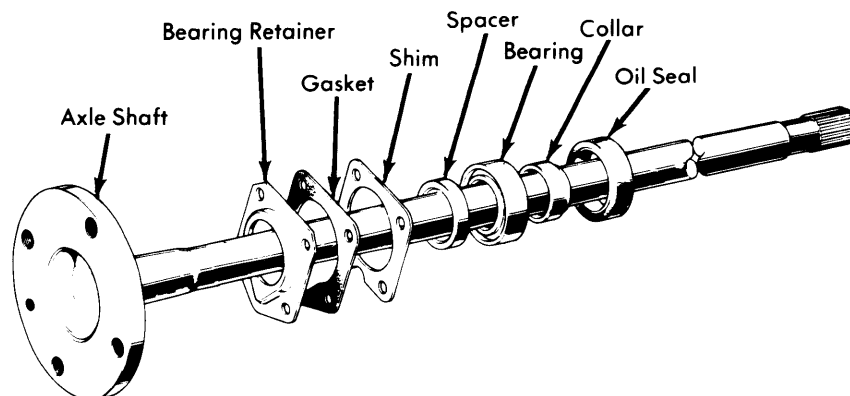


Fig. 1 Axle Shaft Assembly (except Pickup)

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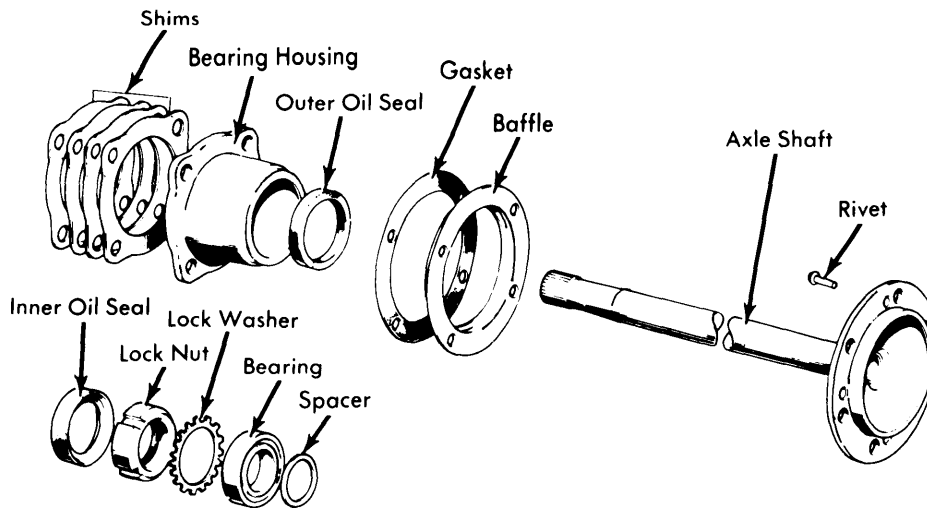


Fig. 2 Axle Shaft Assembly (B1600 & RE Pickup)

Installation (B1600 & RE Pick-Up) – 1) Install axle shaft, backing plate, and bearing housing to rear axle housing, temporarily attaching with two bolts and nuts. Mount a dial indicator on backing plate and check axle shaft end play. End play should be .002-.006" (.05-.15 mm).

2) **NOTE** – If both axle shafts were removed, a special procedure must be followed: The end play for the first axle shaft installed should be set to .026-.033" (.65-.85 mm). The second axle shaft installed should be set to the normal end play of .002-.006" (.05-.15 mm).

3) After installing correct shim pack, install and tighten all attaching bolts and nuts. Install brake shoes and drum. Connect fluid lines to wheel cylinders, adjust brakes, and bleed system. Install wheel and tire assembly.

DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER

Removal & Installation – Raise vehicle until rear wheels are clear of ground. Remove drain plug and drain rear axle lubricant, reinstall plug and tighten. Remove axle shafts. Mark propeller shaft and pinion flange for reassembly reference, then disconnect propeller shaft. Remove carrier attaching nuts and withdraw carrier from axle housing. To install, reverse removal procedure, making sure to refill axle with lubricant.

OVERHAUL

DISASSEMBLY

1) Mount carrier in a suitable repair stand. Attach a dial indicator to carrier (with button of indicator contacting back face of ring gear) and check ring gear deflection. Maximum allowable deflection is .004" (.1 mm); replace ring and pinion if above specification. Punch identification marks on side bearing supports of carrier, differential bearing caps, and side bearing adjusters. Remove adjuster lock plates, loosen bearing cap attaching nuts or bolts, and slightly back off adjusters to relieve preload.

2) Remove bearing caps and adjusters, then withdraw differential assembly from carrier, making sure side bearing races remain with their respective bearings. If necessary for replacement, use a suitable puller and remove side bearings from gear case. Straighten lock tabs, remove ring gear attaching bolts, and separate ring gear from gear case.

3) On all models except RX-4, drive out differential pinion shaft lock pin with a punch and remove pinion shaft. Rotate pinion gears 90° and remove gears, thrust washers, thrust block (if equipped), and differential side gears. On RX-4 models, remove bolts joining differential case halves and separate case. Remove side gears, thrust washers, pinion gears, and spider.

4) On all models, remove pinion nut and pinion flange. Remove drive pinion and rear bearing assembly, adjusting shims (if equipped), spacer, and bearing collar (if used). **NOTE** – It may be necessary to tap end of pinion with a soft hammer to remove from carrier. Remove front oil seal and withdraw front pinion bearing. Using a press, remove rear bearing from drive pinion, then lift off pinion adjusting shim. If necessary for replacement, use a drift punch and remove pinion bearing races from carrier.

REASSEMBLY & ADJUSTMENT

Drive Pinion Depth – 1) **NOTE** – The use of a suitable dial indicator assembly (49 0727 570) and pinion gauging set (49 0305 555, all exc. pick-up; or 49 0603 555A, B1600 and RE pick-up) is required for this procedure. Install dial indicator on gauge body, place gauge body on a surface plate, and preload indicator .040-.120" (1-3 mm). When preloaded, turn outer ring of indicator assembly to "zero" gauge.

2) Make sure differential bearing bores are free of dirt and burrs, then install drive pinion, dummy bearing, and original pinion depth shim into carrier. Place gauge block on pinion and position indicator assembly on block so button of indicator contacts lowest portion of differential bearing bore.

Drive Axles

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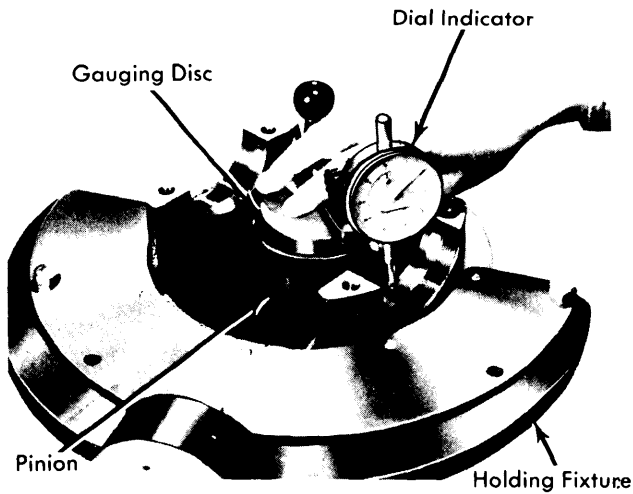


Fig. 3 Measuring Drive Pinion Installed Height

3) Record the amount indicator moves in a "+" (plus) or "-" (minus) direction from zero. Remove gauging assembly and pinion from carrier. Check rear face of pinion for the machining correction figure. If pinion is marked "+" (plus), SUBTRACT amount specified on pinion from dial indicator reading; if marked "-" (minus), ADD amount to indicator reading. **NOTE** - Figures on pinion are hundredth millimeters.

4) Place dummy bearing and rear pinion bearing on surface plate and compare heights. If pinion bearing is higher than dummy bearing, SUBTRACT difference from dial indicator reading; if pinion bearing is lower than dummy bearing, ADD amount to indicator reading.

5) Select correct pinion depth adjusting shim to be used for reassembly by adding or subtracting the amount determined in steps 2), 3), and 4) from the thickness of the original pinion depth shim used during gauging process. Position correct shim on pinion and install pinion bearing. Shims are available in the following thicknesses for all models except RX-4:

Identification Mark	Thickness In. (mm)
08.....	.121 (3.08)
11.....	.122 (3.11)
14.....	.124 (3.14)
17.....	.125 (3.17)
20.....	.126 (3.20)
23.....	.127 (3.23)
26.....	.128 (3.26)
29.....	.130 (3.29)
32.....	.131 (3.32)
35.....	.132 (3.35)
38.....	.133 (3.38)
41.....	.134 (3.41)
44.....	.135 (3.44)
47.....	.137 (3.47)

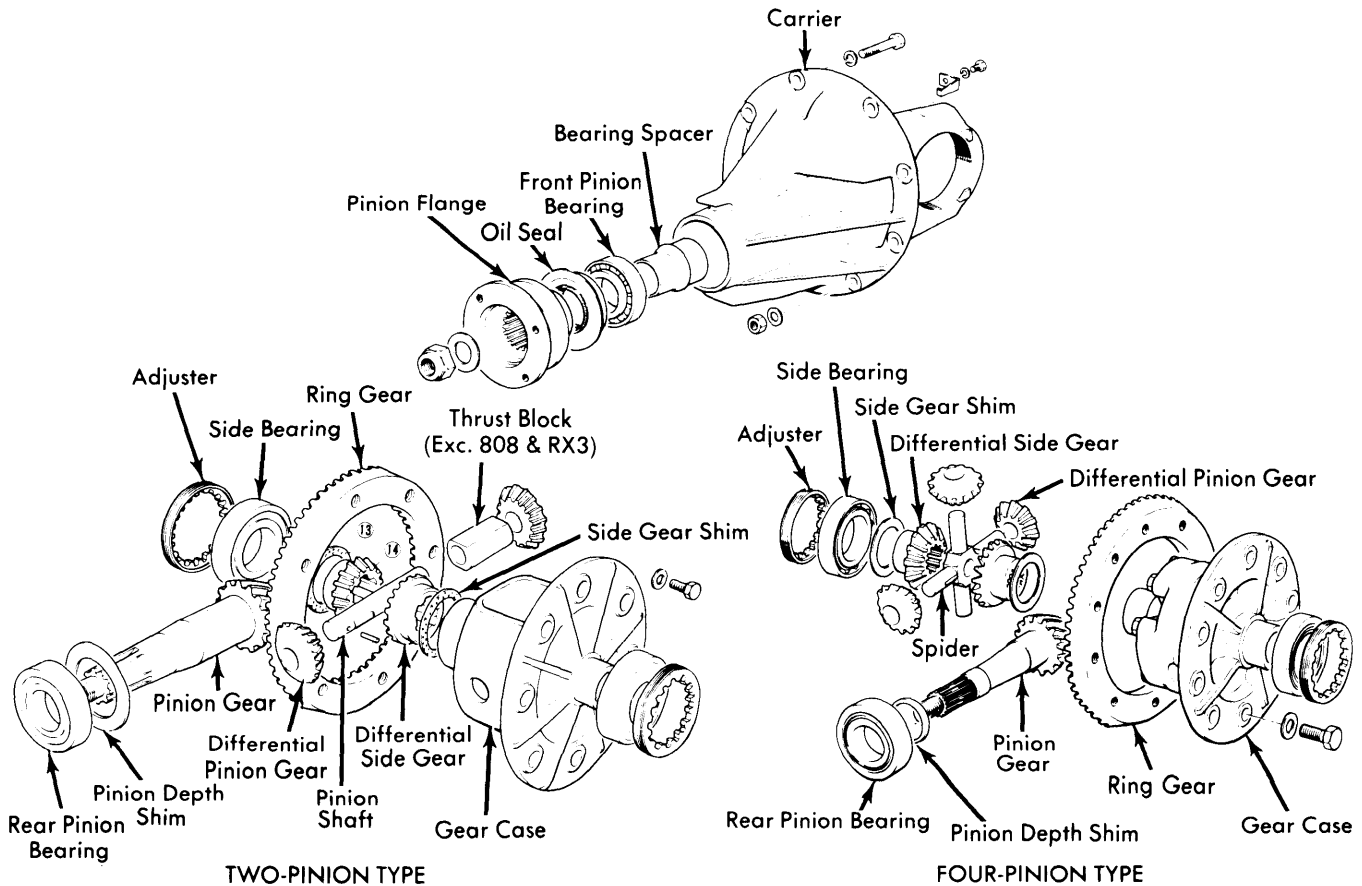


Fig. 4 Exploded View of Mazda Rear Axle Assembly Showing Both Two and Four Pinion Type Differential

MAZDA (Cont.)

For RX-4 models, the following thickness shims are available:

Identification Mark	Thickness In. (mm)
52.....	.139 (3.52)
55.....	.140 (3.55)
58.....	.141 (3.58)
61.....	.142 (3.61)
64.....	.143 (3.64)
67.....	.145 (3.67)
70.....	.146 (3.70)
73.....	.147 (3.73)

Pinion Bearing Preload (W/Solid Bearing Spacer) – 1) Position drive pinion and rear bearing assembly into carrier, then install bearing spacer and preload shims onto pinion. Install front pinion bearing and pinion flange (do not install oil seal at this time). Install pinion nut and tighten to 110 ft. lbs. (15 mkg) on 1200 models, or 130 ft. lbs. (18 mkg) on R-100 models.

Pinion Bearing Preload (W/Collapsible Bearing Spacer) – 1) Position drive pinion in carrier and install bearing spacer. Place front pinion bearing in position on pinion gear, hold gear fully forward, and drive bearing over pinion until seated. Apply grease to lip of pinion oil seal and install seal into carrier. Install flange on pinion by tapping with a soft hammer. Install pinion washer and nut. Before tightening nut (when pinion preload is zero), check oil seal drag using a torque wrench. Tighten pinion nut as follows:

Application	Ft. Lbs. (mkg)
808, RX-3	94 (13)
RX-4	101 (14)
B1600, RE (Rotary Pickup)	145 (20)

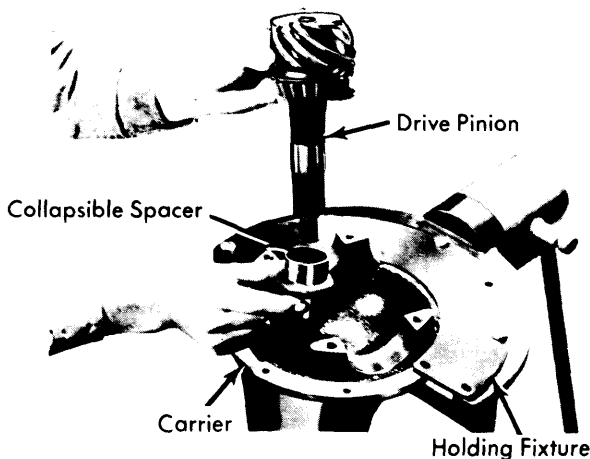


Fig. 5 Installing Drive Pinion Bearing Collapsible Spacer

2) With nut tightened, check preload using a torque wrench mounted on pinion nut. If preload is not as specified (see Axle Assembly Specifications), continue tightening nut and checking preload until specified preload is obtained. **CAUTION – Preload builds quickly. Nut should be tightened a little at a time and preload checked after each slight amount of tightening.**

Case Assembly – 1) On all models except RX-4, install a thrust washer on each differential side gear and install into case. Through openings in gear case, insert pinion gears exactly 180° opposite each other. Rotate pinion gears 90° so holes in gears line up with pinion shaft holes in gear case. Insert pinion shaft through case and pinion gears.

2) On RX-4 models, install a thrust washer on each differential side gear and install into case halves. Position pinion gears on spider and install spider into differential case half. Align identification marks, mate case halves, and install and tighten retaining bolts.

3) On all models, check backlash between side gears and pinion gears. Backlash should be less than .004" (.1 mm); if not, install selective thrust washers to bring backlash within specifications. Washers are available in thicknesses of .063" (1.6 mm), .067" (1.7 mm), .071" (1.8 mm), .079" (2.0 mm), .083" (2.1 mm), and .087" (2.2 mm). **NOTE – Always use same thickness thrust washer for both side gears.**

4) If equipped with thrust block, remove pinion shaft, install thrust block, and reinstall pinion shaft. On all models except RX-4, drive lock pin into case to secure pinion shaft. Using a punch, stake lock pin hole to prevent pin from working loose. On all models, mount ring gear on case, then install and tighten ring gear attaching bolts. If removed, install differential side bearings.

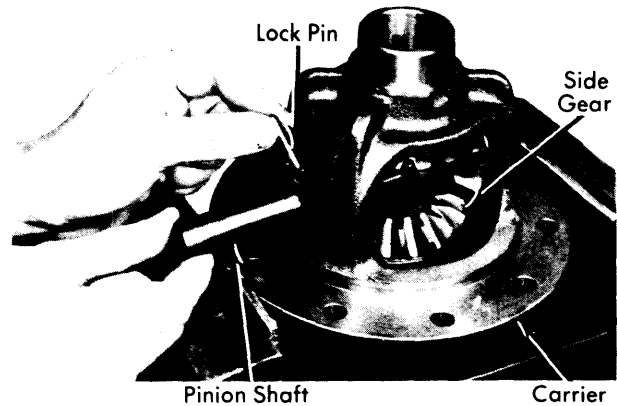


Fig. 6 Installing Pinion Shaft & Lock Pin

Backlash & Side Bearing Preload – 1) Place differential case assembly into carrier making sure timing marks on ring and pinion gears are aligned. Install bearing adjusters and bearing caps, then tighten bearing cap nuts or bolts finger tight. Turn adjusters with a suitable spanner wrench (49 0259 720) until bearing end play is eliminated and some backlash exists between ring gear and pinion. Slightly tighten one bearing cap nut or bolt on each side of carrier.

2) Mount a dial indicator to carrier flange so button of indicator contacts one of the ring gear teeth at a right angle, then check backlash between ring and pinion gears. Using the spanner wrench, turn both bearing adjusters equally until backlash is as specified in Axle Assembly Specifications.

Drive Axles

MAZDA (Cont.)

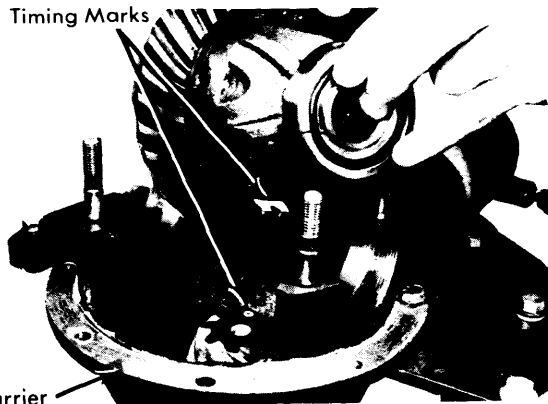


Fig. 7 Installing Differential Assembly in Housing

3) Differential bearing preload (case spread) is obtained by tightening both bearing adjusters equally. Tighten adjusters until the distance between pilot sections of side bearing caps is as specified in Axle Assembly Specifications. Tighten bearing

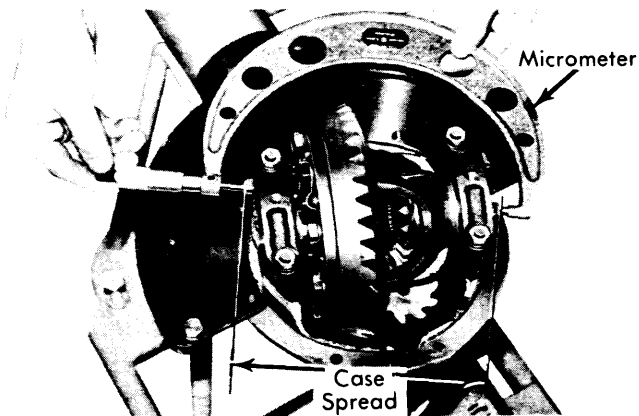


Fig. 8 Adjusting Differential Bearing Preload (Case Spread)

cap nuts or bolts, then recheck backlash adjustment. Make a gear tooth pattern check to insure correct assembly, then install adjuster lock plates on bearing caps.

AXLE ASSEMBLY SPECIFICATIONS

Application	Measurement
Pinion Bearing Preload	
B1600 & RE Pickup.....	11.3-15.6 In. Lbs. (13-18 cmkg)
All Others	7.8-12.2 In. Lbs. (9-14 cmkg)
Ring & Pinion Backlash.....	.007-.008" (.17-.19 mm)
Side Bearing Preload	
Rotating Torque Without Drive Pinion	
All (Exc. B1600 & RE) ..	5.2-13.9 INCH Lbs. (6-16 cmkg)
Case Spread	
B1600 & RE Pickup	8.052" (204.5 mm)

TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS

Application	Ft Lbs. (mkg)
Pinion Nut	
808 & RX-3	95-130 (13-18)
RX-4	101-145 (14-29)
B1600 & RE Pickup.....	145-253 (20-35)
Ring Gear-to-Differential Case	
808 & RX-3	47-54 (6.5-7.5)
B1600	40-47 (5.5-6.5)
RX-4 & RE Pickup	65-80 (9-11)
Differential Bearing Cap Bolts	
B1600	47-56 (6.5-7.7)
RE Pickup	41-59 (5.6-8.2)
808, RX-3, RX-4	23-34 (3.2-4.7)
Case Cover-to-Case (RX-4 Only)	18-21 (2.5-3.0)