

Propeller Shaft Alignment

FORD MOTOR CO. PROPELLER SHAFT ALIGNMENT

Ford, Mercury, Lincoln, T-Bird
Mark V, LTD II, Cougar, Ranchero

Pinion Angle Degree & Controlled Height

DESCRIPTION

Pinion nose and propeller shaft angle are controlled by either a single rear suspension upper control arm on Ford, Mercury and Lincoln Continental, or by two lower control arms on all other models. Whenever control arm(s) are removed, pinion nose angle must be adjusted.

CHECKING & ADJUSTMENT

Checking - 1) Measure distance from top of axle housing to a point on frame rail adjacent to axle bumper rear bolt. Average measurements taken. Find rear suspension height as recorded in table. Position "V" magnet of Tool T68P-4602-A on drive shaft away from welds and balance weights.

2) From left side of vehicle, position tool on "V" magnet with adjusting screw to left. Adjust dial on tool until left side of bubble is on the zero line. Position tool on "U" joint bearing cap with tool in same relative position as it was on "V" magnet. Read position of bubble and compare to degree specifications recorded with those in table. If adjustment is necessary, adjust to specifications given in table.

Specifications

Application	Degree	Controlled Height
Thunderbird	2°7' ± 45'	4.82"
LTD II, Cougar		
2 Door	2°33' ± 45'	4.82"
4 Door	2°28' ± 45'	4.82"
Station Wagon	1°7' ± 45'	4.82"
Ranchero	1°7' ± 45'	4.82"
Mark V	⊙	4.82"
Ford, Mercury	2°48' ± 50'	5.70"
Lincoln	8°4' ± 50'	5.70"

⊙ - Specifications are 2°47' + 30' to -45'.

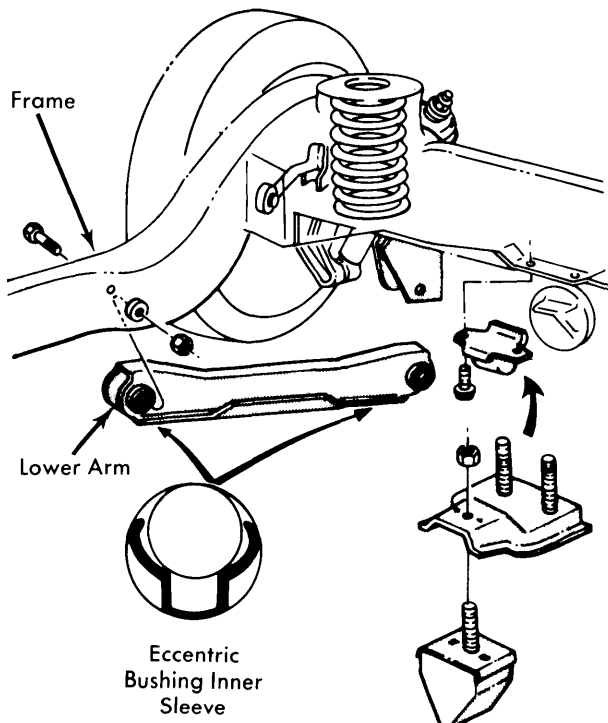


Fig. 1 Pinion Angle Adjustment on LTD II, Cougar, T-Bird, & Mark V

FRONT ECCENTRIC REAR ECCENTRIC

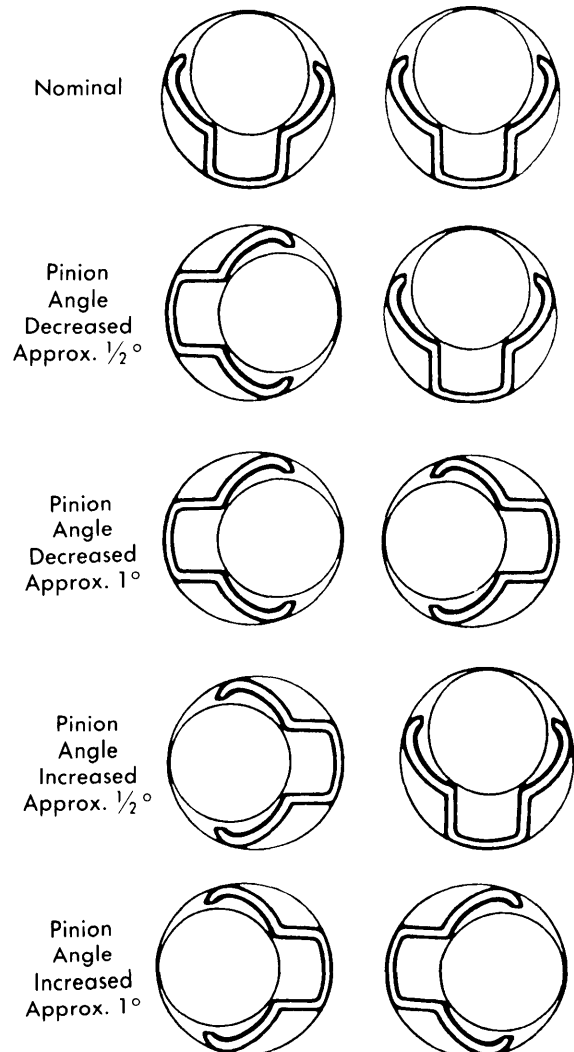


Fig. 2 Eccentric Bushing Inner Sleeve Positions

FORD MOTOR CO. PROPELLER SHAFT ALIGNMENT (Cont.)

Adjustment (Single Upper Arm) — If angle is not within specifications, upper arm-to-axle housing bolt and two eccentric washers form an adjusting cam mechanism which will tilt the axle housing to required angle. At time of adjustment, replace pivot bolt, nut and lock washer and leave the nut loose. If angle is less than specification, rotate adjusting cam forward and check angle. If angle is more than specified, rotate adjusting cam rearward and check the angle. When axle housing is adjusted to specifications, tighten pivot bolt and nut.

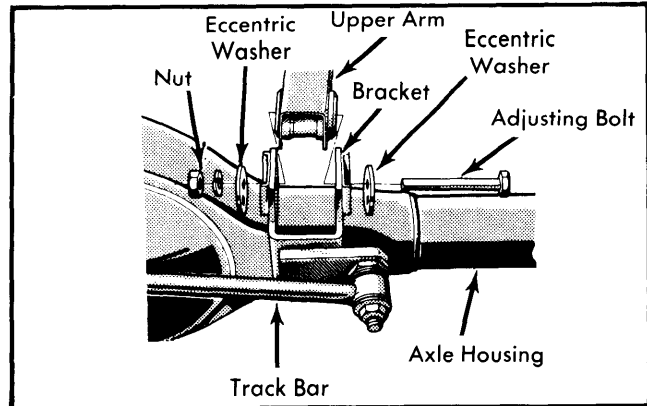


Fig. 4 Pinion Angle Adjustment

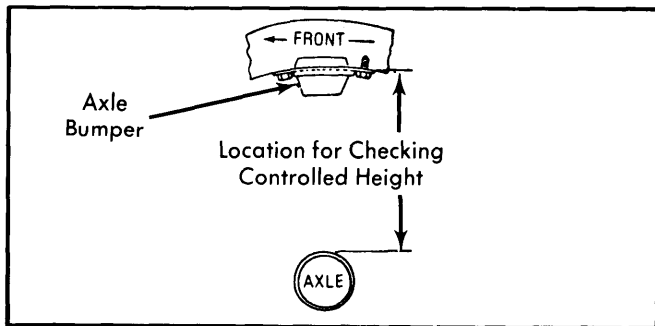


Fig. 3 Location for Measuring Control Height

Adjustment (Double Lower Arm) — If angle is not within specifications, raise and support vehicle. Use a jack under the pinion housing to unload the control arm bushings. When making adjustment on LTD II, Cougar, and T-Bird, install a new service arm kit. This kit includes new arms with adjusting cams. When making adjustment on Mark V, install new nonserrated inner sleeve with adjusting cam. Use tool T72P-5538-A to rotate eccentric bushing clockwise or counterclockwise. This will raise or lower pinion nose angle to specifications. If further adjustment is required, use same procedure at rear end of arms. When adjustments have been completed, install new nuts and bolts.

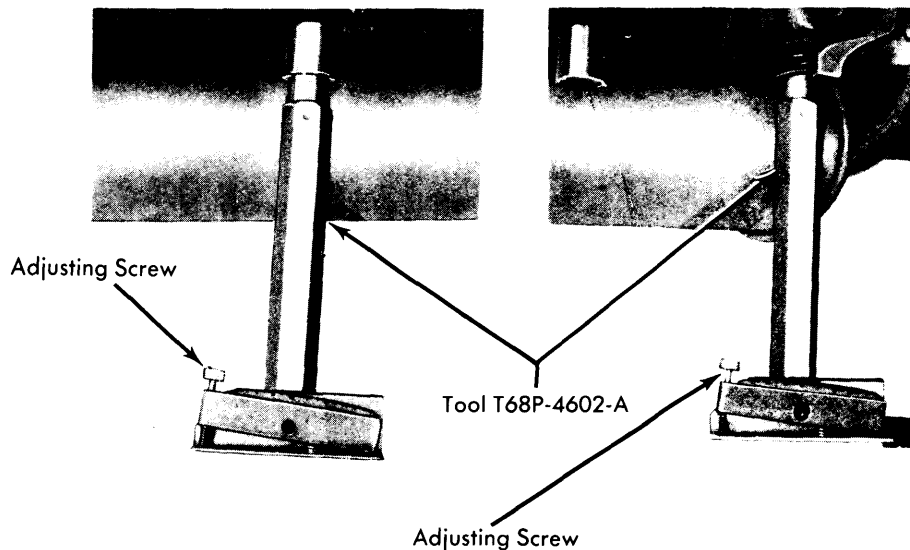


Fig. 5 Measuring Differential Nose Angle With Tool T68P-4602-A