

SAGINAW RECIRCULATING BALL

Chrysler Corp.
(Except Van Models)
Ford
General Motors
Jeep

DESCRIPTION & OPERATION

Steering gear is a recirculating ball type and consists of a ball nut connected to steering worm and in mesh with sector gear. Gears are basically the same for all models and service procedures will apply to all gears unless noted otherwise.

Precision finished helical grooves within ball nut match helical grooves in worm. Ball bearings roll within grooves when steering wheel is turned. There are two complete circuits using tubular ball guides to deflect balls away from their helical path at one end of groove and guide them back to other end.

When steering wheel is turned to right, nut moves upward; when turned to left, nut moves downward. The teeth on sector (forged as part of pitman shaft) and the ball nut are so designed that a tighter fit exists between the two when the front wheels are straight ahead. Proper engagement between sector and ball nut is obtained by an adjusting screw, which moves pitman shaft endwise, permitting desired engagement of tapered teeth of the ball nut and sector gear. Worm bearing adjuster can be turned to provide proper preloading of the upper and lower bearings.

ADJUSTMENT

PRELIMINARY

Worm bearing preload adjustment must be made first; then, make over-center preload adjustment. Do not reverse the order of adjustment. Adjustment of steering gear can be made on or off vehicle in most cases. When making the Worm Bearing Preload adjustment with gear on vehicle, the pitman arm must be disconnected or the steering linkage disconnected from the pitman arm. The torque wrench can be connected directly to the worm shaft (input shaft) or to the steering wheel retaining nut (steering column drag is negligible). When making the Over-Center Preload adjustment, torque wrench is attached to the sector shaft (after removing pitman arm) or the steering wheel nut.

WORM BEARING PRELOAD

Loosen over-center preload adjuster. Tighten worm bearing adjuster until all end play has been removed; then loosen 1/4 turn and tighten lock nut. Turn worm shaft carefully to either stop. Do not jam into stop as damage to gear could result. Rotate worm shaft back from stop about 1/2 turn. Using an INCH lb. torque wrench, measure the torque required to keep worm shaft in motion about one revolution. Adjust rotating torque to specifications, using worm bearing adjuster. Tighten lock nut, and recheck turning torque. Adjust as necessary. Proceed to over-center preload adjustment procedure.

Worm Bearing Preload	
Application	INCH Lbs.
All Manufacturers	5-8

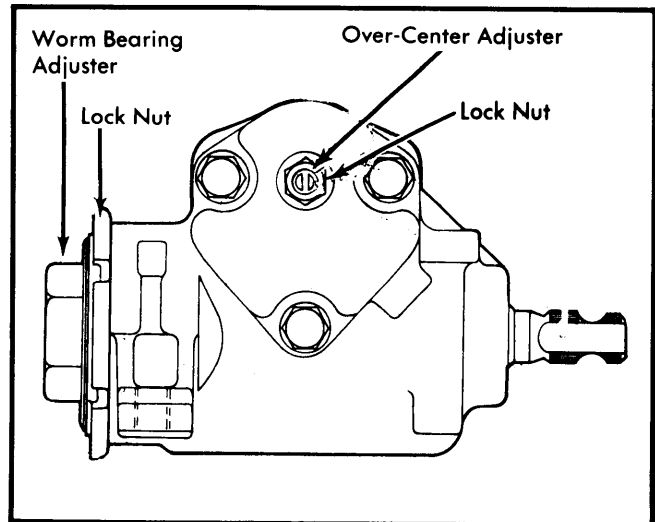


Fig. 1 Adjustment Points for Steering Gear

OVER-CENTER PRELOAD

1) With worm bearing preload adjusted, turn worm shaft slowly from stop to stop while counting total number of turns. Then, turn shaft half-way back to exact center position. Loosen lock nut and turn over-center adjustment screw in until all lash is taken out of shaft. Tighten lock nut.

2) Rotate worm shaft slightly off center (45-90°), then attach an INCH Lbs. torque wrench to worm shaft. Using torque wrench as a lever, rotate worm shaft back through center position and record rotating torque. If rotating torque is not to specifications, repeat procedure. Final rotation of adjustment screw must be clockwise; therefore, if maximum specification was exceeded, screw must be backed out, then rotated in (clockwise) to approximate new setting.

Over-Center Adjustment (INCH Lbs.)		
Application	Over-Center Preload	Preload Maximum Total
Chrysler Corp.	8	14
Ford	10	16
All Other Manufacturers	4-10	18

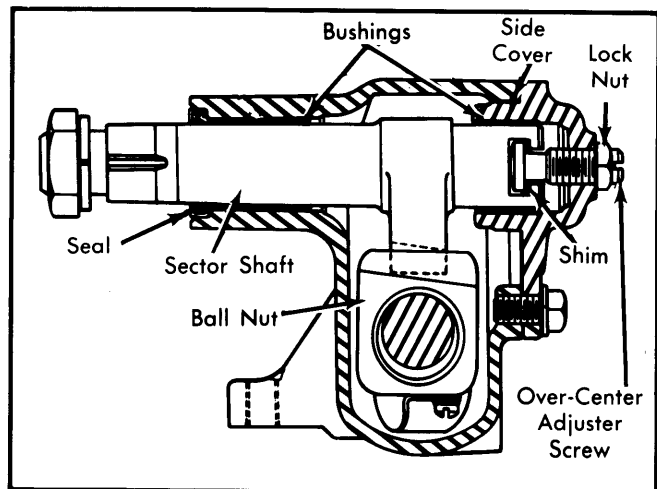


Fig. 2 Cross Section of Steering Gear

SAGINAW RECIRCULATING BALL (Cont.)

REMOVAL & INSTALLATION

NOTE — All steering component fasteners are made of special quality materials. Replacement fasteners must be of same part number or equivalent. Torque all fasteners and install new cotter pin when used.

STEERING GEAR

NOTE — On Chrysler Corp. vehicles, it is recommended that steering column be completely detached from floor and instrument panel before gear removal.

Chrysler Corp., All Models — 1) Remove 2 bolts from sector shaft coupling. Use tool (C-4150) to disconnect pitman arm from sector shaft. Remove gear-to-frame bolts and remove gear.

2) Position gear on frame and install retaining bolts. Rotate worm shaft by hand and center sector shaft to mid point of its travel. Align serration on sector shaft with splines in pitman arm. Install lock washer and nut, tighten to specifications.

Ford, All Models — 1) Raise vehicle on hoist. Disconnect flex-coupling from steering shaft. Disconnect drag link from pitman arm. Remove pitman arm-to-sector shaft nut, and remove pitman arm. Remove bolts attaching steering gear to frame side rails, and lower steering gear from vehicle. Remove coupling-to-gear attaching bolt, and remove coupling.

2) To install, center worm shaft of steering gear and install gear onto frame side rail. Tighten bolts. Connect pitman arm to sector shaft and drag link to pitman arm. Tighten nuts, and install cotter pins. Attach flex-coupling to steering shaft flange.

General Motors, All Models — 1) Set front wheels in straight-ahead position. Remove flexible coupling-to-steering shaft flange bolts or lower universal joint pinch bolt. Mark position of universal yoke-to-worm shaft. Mark relationship of pitman arm-to-sector shaft. Remove pitman arm using suitable puller (J-6632). Remove steering gear mounting bolts and remove gear assembly.

2) Install flexible coupling on worm shaft aligning flat on coupling with flat on shaft. Push coupling on shaft until shaft hits shoulder and install pinch bolt. Pinch bolt must pass through shaft undercut. Place gear in position, guiding coupling bolt into steering shaft flange.

3) Install gear-to-frame bolts and torque to specification. If flexible coupling alignment pin plastic spacers are used, make sure they are bottomed on pins, then tighten flange bolt nuts and remove plastic spacers. Spacers aid in centering pins and maintain correct coupling-to-flange dimension.

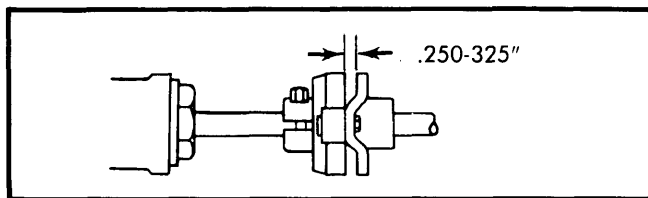


Fig. 3 Adjusting Flexible Coupling for All General Motors Models

4) Check that flexible coupling-to-steering shaft flange dimension is .250-.325". See Fig. 3. If flexible coupling alignment pin

plastic spacers are not used, center pins in slots in steering shaft flange and tighten flange bolt nuts.

NOTE — Plastic spacers must be removed before driving vehicle.

Jeep, All Models — 1) Remove intermediate shaft to worm shaft coupling clamp bolt and disconnect intermediate shaft. Remove pitman arm nut and washer. Pull pitman arm off shaft using a suitable puller (J-6632).

2) On Wagoneer, Cherokee and Truck models, remove steering gear to frame rail bolts and remove steering gear from vehicle. On "CJ" and Scrambler models, raise left side of vehicle slightly to release tension from left front spring. Place safety stand under frame.

3) Remove bolts securing steering gear lower bracket to frame. Remove bolts securing steering gear upper bracket to crossmember. Remove steering gear from vehicle. Remove brackets if necessary. To install, apply Loctite to frame and crossmember bolts, reverse removal procedure.

SECTOR SHAFT SEAL

NOTE — For models not listed, seal replacement procedure was not available from manufacturer.

General Motors, All Models — 1) On "K" models, gear must be removed from vehicle to replace seal. On all others, remove pitman arm from sector shaft. Rotate steering wheel (or sector shaft) from stop to stop while counting number of turns. Turn wheel (or sector shaft) back half way, placing gear at center of travel.

2) Remove bolts attaching side cover to housing, and lift sector shaft and side cover assembly from housing. Pry sector shaft seal from housing using a screwdriver being careful not to scratch housing bore. Inspect gear lubricant for contamination, if lubricant is contaminated in any way, gear should be completely overhauled.

3) Lubricate new sector shaft seal with suitable steering gear lubricant (GM 4673M). Position seal in sector shaft bore, and tap it into place using a suitable socket. Remove over-center adjuster lock nut. Remove side cover from sector shaft assembly by turning over-center adjuster screw clockwise. Install sector shaft in gear so center tooth of sector enters center tooth space of ball nut.

4) Fill gear housing with lubricant and install new side cover gasket on gear housing. Install side cover over sector shaft by reaching through cover hole with a screwdriver. Turn over-center adjuster screw counterclockwise until screw bottoms; then back off screw 1/4 turn. Install over-center adjuster lock nut, and perform steering gear adjustments.

Jeep, All Models — 1) Mark pitman arm and sector shaft for reassembly reference. Remove pitman arm using puller. Remove seal from sector shaft using a pointed tool or small bladed screwdriver.

2) Inspect condition of gear lubricant. If contaminated, remove and overhaul gear. Wrap pitman arm shaft splines with shim stock to protect replacement seal during installation.

3) Lubricate lip of replacement seal with chassis lubricant, slide seal over shim stock and seat seal in gear housing. Tap seal into place with small plastic hammer. Align index marks, install pitman arm and tighten.

SAGINAW RECIRCULATING BALL (Cont.)

OVERHAUL

DISASSEMBLY

All Models — 1) Place steering gear in a vise, clamping onto one mounting tab or a suitable holding fixture. Worm shaft should be in a horizontal position. Loosen over-center preload adjuster lock nut, and turn adjuster a few turns out. Loosen lock nut on worm shaft adjuster, and turn adjuster out a few turns. Rotate worm shaft from stop to stop, counting number of turns. Then turn shaft back $\frac{1}{2}$ the number of turns to center sector shaft. Place a pan under assembly to catch oil, and remove 3 self-locking bolts holding side cover to housing.

2) Tap on end of sector shaft with a mallet and lift side cover and sector shaft assembly from gear housing. If sector does not clear opening easily, turn worm shaft by hand until sector can be removed. Remove worm shaft adjuster and lock nut assembly with lower worm shaft bearing. Remove worm shaft and ball nut assembly from housing while housing is in a horizontal position to prevent ball nut from running down worm shaft. If ball nut does run down worm shaft with any speed, damage to ball guides will result when nut hits stop. Remove upper bearing from worm guide.

3) Using screwdriver, pry lower bearing retainer from worm adjuster assembly and remove bearing. Remove over-center adjuster lock nut and screw. Slide screw and shim out slot in end of sector shaft. Pry out and discard both sector shaft and worm shaft seals.

CLEANING & INSPECTION

Wash parts with clean solvent and blow dry with air. Inspect bearings and races for signs or wear. Any parts that show signs of wear should be replaced. Inspect sector shaft fit at side cover bushing. If bushing is worn, a new side cover and bushing assembly should be installed. Check ball nut and worm shaft assembly for wear and straightness.

COMPONENT SERVICE

Sector Shaft & Worm Shaft Seals — Pry out seals using a screwdriver. Before installing new seals, check condition of sector shaft bushings and upper worm shaft bearing race. Use a suitable size socket (pressing outer diameter of seal) to replace seal. Avoid installing seal in a cocked position.

Sector Shaft Bushing(s) — Support steering gear in a suitable arbor press and drive sector shaft bushing(s) from housing. Press new bushing(s) into position reversing removal procedure. Replacement bushings are diamond bored to size and need no reaming.

Worm Shaft Bearing Race (In Adjuster) — On gears with horizontal sector shaft, remove worm shaft bearing race using a suitable puller and slide hammer. On vehicles with vertical sector shaft, remove worm shaft bearing race using a hammer and punch. On either type gear, press bearing in place using a suitable tool (J-5755).

Worm Shaft Bearing Race (In Housing) — On vertical sector shaft gears, drive out sheet metal expansion plug using a drift or punch. On all types, drive out housing bearing race with a punch and press new race in with suitable tool (J-5755). On vertical shaft models, install a new expansion plug and press on center of plug to deform it inwards, locking it into place.

Ball Nut & Worm Shaft Assembly — Ball nut disassembly is not necessary unless there is indication of binding or tightness when rotating worm. If disassembly is required, proceed as follows:

1) This first step is going to let loose about 50 ball bearings; be ready to catch them ALL. Remove clamp that retains ball guides and pull guides from ball nut while catching balls in clean pan. Turn nut over and rotate worm until all balls have fallen into pan. Remove worm from ball nut. Wash parts and inspect worm, nut grooves, and ball bearings for indentations. Check ball guides for damage at ends where they deflect or pick up balls from helical path on worm.

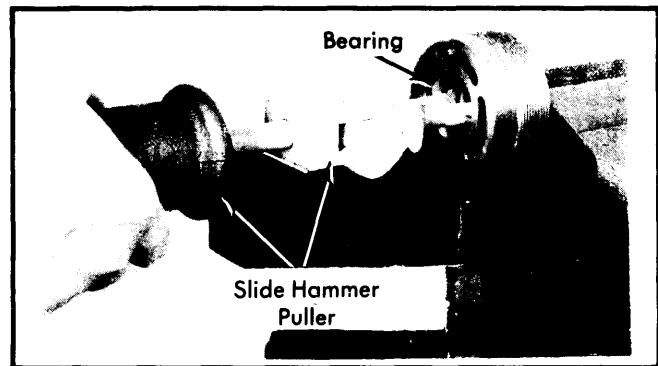


Fig. 4 Removing Worm Shaft Bearing Race on Sector Shaft Gear

2) To reassemble ball nut and worm shaft, insert ball nut over worm so that shallow end of ball nut teeth are on left side (looking from steering wheel end of worm shaft). Align grooves in worm and nut by sighting through ball guide holes.

3) There are 2 types of ball guides: those with holes in middle and those with no hole. If ball guides have hole in middle, insert ball guides into holes in ball nut. Divide balls into 2 equal groups and insert each group into a ball guide, while slowly turning worm shaft.

4) If guides have no hole, separate the halves and fill half of each set with balls. Cover filled half with the other half, and plug ends with grease to prevent balls from falling out. Fill each circuit in ball nut with half of remaining balls in one circuit, and half in the other while slowly turning worm shaft. Insert ball guides. On both types, install ball guide retainer.

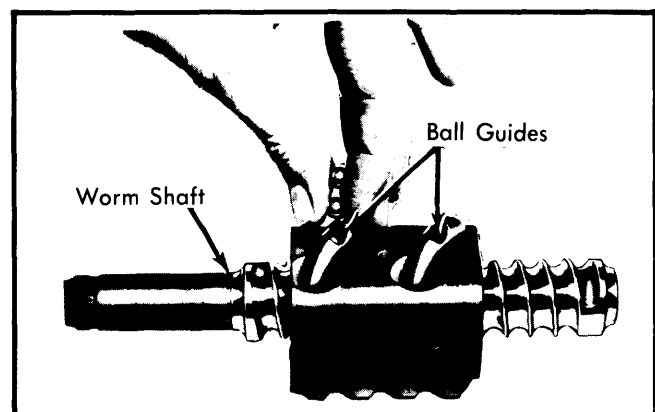


Fig. 5 Filling Ball Circuits Through Holes in Ball Guides

SAGINAW RECIRCULATING BALL (Cont.)

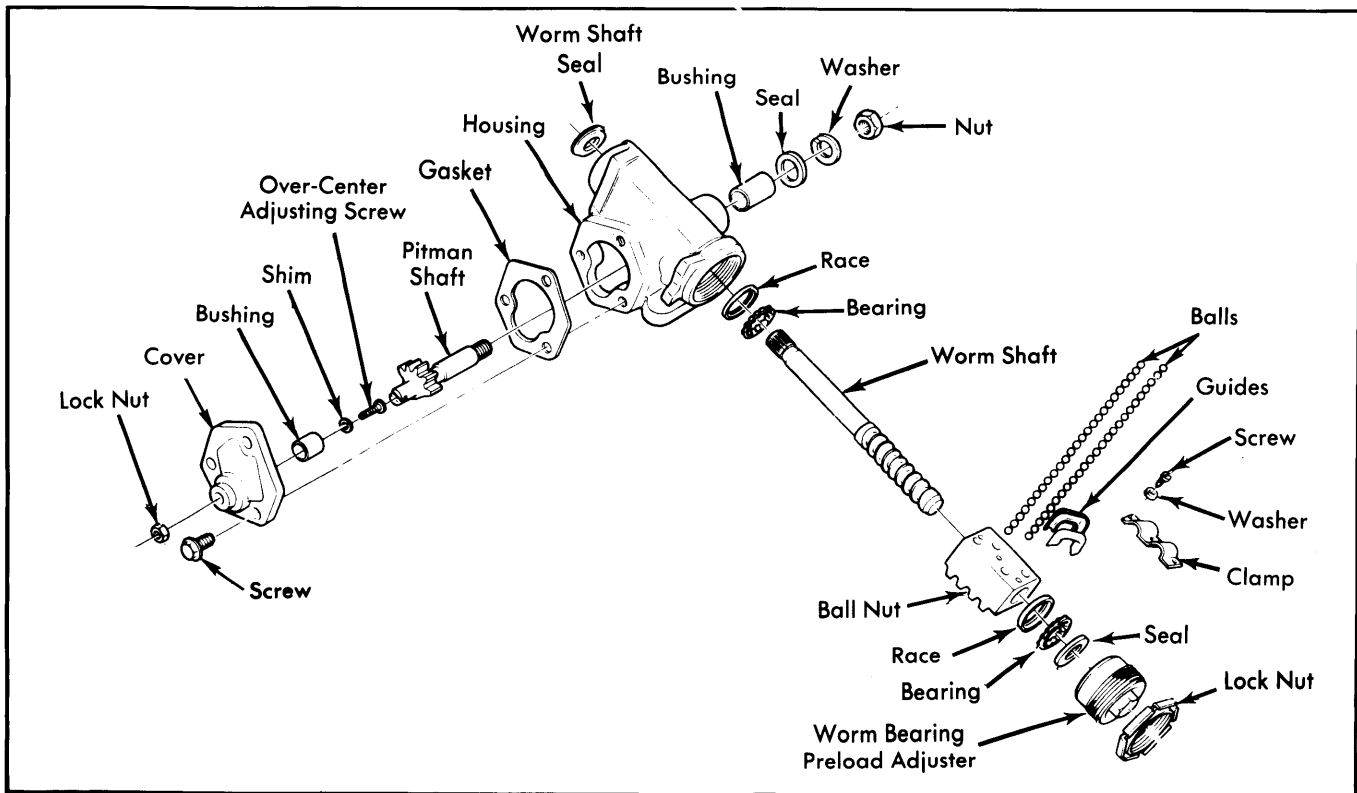


Fig. 6 Exploded View of Recirculating Ball Steering Gear (General Motors Model Shown)

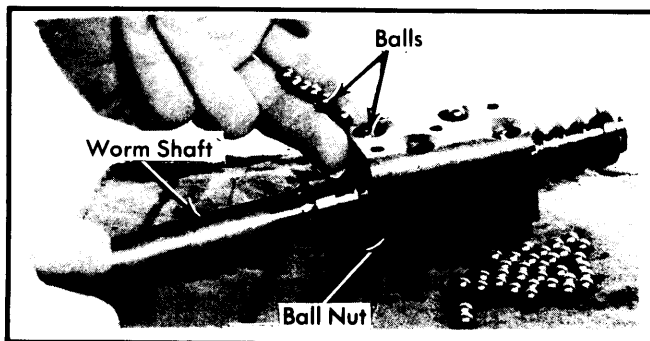


Fig. 7 Filling Ball Circuits Through Holes in Ball Nut

over-center adjuster shim kit is available. Lubricate gear as follows: Rotate worm shaft until ball nut is at end of travel, while forcing as much grease as possible into housing without losing it out sector shaft opening. Rotate worm until ball is at other end, and apply more lubricant.

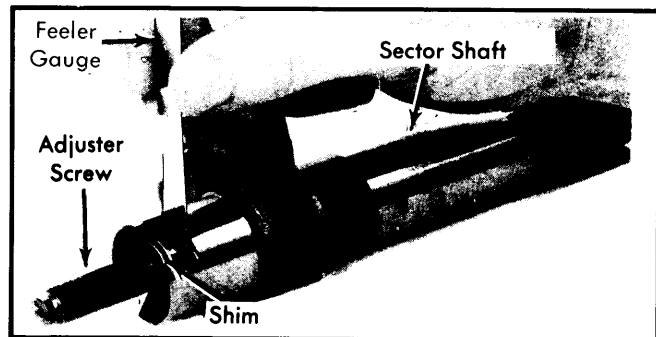


Fig. 8 Checking Over-Center Adjuster Clearance

REASSEMBLY

All Models — 1) Place gear housing in a vise with worm shaft bore horizontal and side cover opening facing up. With sector shaft and worm shaft seals, sector shaft bushings, and worm shaft bearing races installed, and ball nut assembly together, proceed as follows: Slip upper ball bearing over worm shaft and insert worm and nut assembly into housing feeding end of shaft through upper ball bearing race and seal. Place ball bearing in adjuster race and press stamped retainer into place with suitable socket. Install adjuster and lock nut into housing carefully guiding worm shaft into bearing until nearly all end play is removed from worm shaft.

2) Position over-center adjuster (with shim) in slotted end of sector shaft. Check end clearance, which should not exceed .002". If clearance is greater than specified, a steering gear

3) Rotate worm until ball is at center. This will help sector and ball nut engage properly. Insert sector shaft and over-center adjuster screw (without side cover) into housing so center tooth of sector teeth enters center tooth space in ball nut. Apply more lubricant into housing. Install side cover gasket.

4) Install side cover over sector shaft by reaching through cover with a screwdriver. Turn over-center adjuster screw counterclockwise until screw bottoms; then back off screw $\frac{1}{2}$ turn. Loosely install a new lock nut onto adjuster screw. Install and tighten side cover bolts to specifications. Adjust worm bearing preload and over-center preload as previously outlined. See *Adjustments in this article*.

Manual Steering Gears

SAGINAW RECIRCULATING BALL (Cont.)

TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS	
Application	Ft. Lbs.
Worm Bearing Preload Adj. Lock Nut	
Jeep	90
All Other Manufacturers	85
Over-Center Preload Adj. Lock Nut	
Chrysler Corp.	35
Jeep	23
All Other Manufacturers	25
Side Cover Bolts	
Chrysler Corp.	25
General Motors	45
All Other Manufacturers	30
Flexible Coupling Bolts	
General Motors	20
Jeep	45
All Other Manufacturers	30
Pitman Arm-to-Sector Shaft	
Chrysler Corp.	175
Ford	170210
All Other Manufacturers	185
Steering Gear-to-Frame	
Chrysler Corp.	100
Ford	70
General Motors	80
Jeep (Cherokee, Truck & Wagoneer)	70
Steering Bracket-to-Frame ("CJ" & Scrambler Models)	
Bracket-to-Toe Plate	55
Bracket-to-Gear	70